### CHAPTER M05

## **MEDICAID ASSISTANCE UNIT**

### M05 Changes

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### CHAPTER M05 MEDICAID ASSISTANCE UNIT SUBCHAPTER 10

**GENERALS RULES AND PROCEDURES** 

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#### M0510.000 GENERAL RULES & PROCEDURES

#### M0510.001 ASSISTANCE UNIT GENERAL PRINCIPLES

A. Introduction Medicaid is an assistance program which pays medical service providers for services rendered to eligible needy individuals. An individual's need is based on his financial eligibility--the amount of his resources and income.

Financial eligibility is determined in relation to specific resource and income limits. The income and resource limits are established in relation to the number of persons in the assistance unit. The assistance unit is the basis for the financial eligibility determination. Eligibility is based on the countable income and resources of the assistance unit members and of legally responsible relatives who are not included in the assistance unit and who live in the home. All of the resources and income which the individual has available to him, including resources and income "deemed" to be available to him, are counted.

# **B. Procedures** This subchapter contains the general policy and procedure for determining *the composition of* an individual's assistance unit for the financial eligibility determination.

- The Legal Base is contained in M0510.002;
- Definitions are contained in M0510.100;
- General Procedures are contained in M0510.200.

The detailed family/budget unit policy and procedures for individuals in *all Families & Children* (F&C) *Medically Needy (MN)* covered groups are contained in M0520.

Chapter M04 contains the procedures for determining the household size for the following F&C covered groups for all eligibility determinations for applications submitted on or after October 1, 2013 and renewals made after April 1, 2014:

- CN Pregnant Women & Newborn Children;
- Plan First;
- Child Under Age 19 (FAMIS Plus);
- Low Income Families With Children (LIFC);
- Individuals Under Age 21;
- Special Medical Needs Adoption Assistance.

The detailed assistance unit policy and procedures for individuals in an ABD covered group are contained in M0530.

#### M0510.002 LEGAL BASE

A. Federal Law The federal Medicaid law in Title XIX, section 1902(a)(17)(D), requires that a state plan for medical assistance include reasonable standards for determining

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eligibility for and the extent of medical assistance under the state plan. These standards must provide for reasonable evaluation of resources and income. The standards must:

- take into account only such income and resources as are available to the applicant or recipient;
- take into account only such income and resources as would not be disregarded under the Supplemental Security Income (SSI) program for aged, blind and disabled individuals, or the title IV-A program (AFDC program in effect on 7-16-96) for all other individuals;
- NOT take into account the financial responsibility of any individual for any applicant or recipient of assistance under the plan unless such applicant or recipient is such individual's spouse or such individual's child who is under age 21.
- **B. Federal Regulations** Federal regulations in 42 CFR 435.601 state that when determining Medicaid eligibility, the agency must apply the financial methodologies and requirements of the cash assistance program that is most closely categorically related to the individual's covered group, EXCEPT:
  - when determining the financial responsibility of relatives, and
  - when using more restrictive or more liberal resource methodologies than those of the cash assistance program, as specified in the State Plan.

Federal regulations in 42 CFR 435.602 state that, except for a spouse of an individual or a parent for a child who is under age 21, the agency must not consider income and resources of any relative as available to an individual.

C. Virginia When determining whose resources and income to count available to the **Medicaid Policy** individual applicant or recipient, Medicaid must take into account the resources and income of the individual's spouse or parent (if the individual is under age 21) with whom the individual lives. For the aged, blind and disabled (ABD) covered groups, Medicaid must use the SSI program methods for counting and "deeming" spouses' and parents' resources and income to an individual, except where they would result in "illegal" deeming of resources or income from a relative or person who is not legally responsible for the individual according to the federal Medicaid regulations. For the (F&C) MN covered groups, Medicaid must use the 7-16-96 AFDC program methods for counting and "deeming" spouses' and parents' resources and income to an individual, except where they would result in "illegal" deeming of resources or income from a relative or person who is not legally responsible for the individual according to the federal Medicaid regulations.

Subchapter M0520 explains how to count the resources and income of a spouse or parent for the F&C *MN* covered groups. Subchapter M0530 explains how to count the resources and income of a spouse or parent for the ABD covered groups.

#### M0510.100 DEFINITIONS

A. Introduction

The terms used in this subchapter are defined below in this section.

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B.	Assistance Unit	The Medicaid assistance unit is the Medicaid and whose financial eli for the F&C <i>MN</i> covered groups unit."	gibility is determ	ined. The ass	sistance unit
		The assistance unit for an ABD in individual is married, living with ABD. In this situation, the assist	his/her spouse ar	nd the spouse	is also
C.	Budget Unit	The budget unit (BU) is the term individuals in a family when spec unit of the family unit (FU). It co family unit.	cific circumstance	es exist. The	BU is a sub-
D.	Family Unit	The family unit is the name for the for an F&C individual or family. listed on the application form as legal responsibility for support ex-	The family unit living in the hous	consists of all	individuals
		Federal Medicaid law and regulat from anyone other than a parent t spouse. An individual cannot be increased because of counting inc responsible individuals living in t	to a child under ag ineligible or have come and resourc	ge 21 or from e his spenddo	spouse to a wn liability
		The family unit must be further d unit does not meet the resource of			en the family
		• the family unit contains a step to the mother, a married Med home, or			
		• a child in the family unit has	resources or inco	me of his/her	own.
		The unit must include the legally individual lives (parent for child the spouse or the parent receives payment. Spouse refers to a pers individual under applicable state parent of the child.	under age 21 and an SSI or IV-E fo on who would be	spouse for sp oster care/ado defined as m	ouse) unless ption subsidy arried to the
E.	Deeming	Deeming is the process of consid person, who is not included in the income and resources of the indiv Medicaid. Deemed income and r individual whether or not they are	e assistance, fami vidual who is app resources are cour	ly or budget u lying for or re nted available	init, to be the ecciving to the eligibl
		The federal Medicaid regulations certain individuals other than the when determining an individual's	applicant be incl	uded (deemed	l available)

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are the individual's responsible relativesthe individual's parent when the individual is under age 21 and the individual's spouse, except when the parent or spouse receives SSI or IV-E assistance payments. Except for a spouse of an individual, or a parent for a child who is under age 21, the agency must not consider resources and income of any relative as available to an individual.
Resources and income deemed <b>to</b> an individual are not considered resources or income in subsequent deeming calculations of the individual's resources or income.

- F. Deemor A deemor is an individual whose income and resources are subject to deeming. Such individuals include ineligible parents and ineligible spouses. It does not matter whether these individuals have sufficient income or resources to deem, they are still considered to be deemors. The type of income such an individual receives (e.g., public income maintenance payments such as TANF, VA pension based on need, etc.) does not exclude him/her from this definition for an ABD determination. For F&C determinations, recipients of SSI or IV-E payments are NOT deemors.
- **G. Illegal Deeming** Illegal deeming is a procedure which results in counting or deeming resources or income to an individual from a person who is not the individual's spouse, or who is not the individual's parent if the individual is under age 21.

#### M0510.200 GENERAL PROCEDURES

- **A. Introduction** This section contains the general policy and procedure for determining the individual's assistance unit for the financial eligibility determination.
- **B. Institutionalized** Individuals When an individual is institutionalized in a medical facility or Medicaid waiver services, the individual is an assistance unit of one person. *Go to chapter M14 to determine eligibility for institutionalized individuals.*
- C. Non Institutionalized Individuals
  - 1. Child Under a. Does Not Receive SSI Age 19

Determine the child's F&C MI eligibility first (if pregnant, use the 133% pregnant woman limits), even if child is also foster care or adoption assistance. If the child has excess income for MI, then determine the child's MN eligibility for spenddown. Use the F&C family/budget unit policy in M0520.

If the child is also blind or disabled and does NOT receive SSI, determine F&C MI eligibility first. Use the F&C family/budget unit policy in

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M0520. If the child has excess income for MI, then determine the child's ABD MN eligibility for spenddown, using the ABD assistance unit policy in M0530.

#### b. Receives SSI

If the child receives SSI, determine the child's eligibility as an SSI recipient. If the child is not eligible for Medicaid as an SSI recipient (e.g. because of excess resources), determine the child's eligibility as F&C. *If* the child is pregnant or under age 19, use the F&C family/budget unit policy in M0520.

#### lual a. Receives SSI

If the child is age 19 or 20 and is not eligible for Medicaid as an SSI recipient, e.g., because of excess resources, determine his/her F&C eligibility IF he/she also meets an F&C covered group because the F&C real property requirements are different from the ABD requirements. Use the F&C family/budget unit policy in M0520.

If he/she does NOT meet an F&C covered group, he/she is not eligible for Medicaid.

#### b. Disabled or Blind Child

If the child is disabled or blind, first determine the child's ABD eligibility using the ABD assistance unit policy in M0530. If not eligible as ABD and the child meets an F&C covered group, use the F&C family/budget unit policy in M0520.

#### c. Pregnant Woman

If the individual is pregnant, determine F&C MI eligibility first. Use the family/budget unit policy in M0520. If the individual is not eligible as MI, she should meet the MN pregnant woman group. Use the F&C family/budget unit policy in M0520 when determining her MN eligibility.

#### a. Pregnant Woman

If the individual is pregnant, determine F&C MI eligibility first. Use the family/budget unit policy in M0520. If the individual is not eligible as MI, she should meet the MN pregnant woman group. Use the F&C family/budget unit policy in M0520 when determining her MN eligibility.

#### b. Other Individuals

If the individual is aged, disabled or blind, first determine the individual's ABD assistance unit in M0530. If the individual is not eligible as ABD and he/she meets an F&C covered group, use the F&C family/budget unit policy in M0520.

2. Individual Age 19 but Under 21

3. Individual

Age 21 and Older

### CHAPTER M05 MEDICAID ASSISTANCE UNIT SUBCHAPTER 20

FAMILIES & CHILDREN (F&C) *MEDICALLY NEEDY (MN)* FAMILY/BUDGET UNIT

### M0520 Changes

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	LY/BUDGET UNIT	) MIEDICA		<b>D</b> 1
M0520.001 OVER				
A. Introduction	This subchapter contains the policy unit for certain individual or familie Refer to M0510.001 for information in M0520.	es who meet an	F&C MN cov	vered group.
	For F&C MN and Extended Medica purposes, the assistance unit is called into one or more family units.			
	The family unit's financial eligibilit determinations. If the family unit h or that exceeds the limit for the indi- divided into "budget" units if certai	as resources or vidual's covere	income that c d group, the f	annot be verified
B. Policy	Medicaid law prohibits the consider other than a spouse or parent in the Resources and income CANNOT b	final Medicaid		<b>v</b> 1
	<ul> <li>from a stepparent to a step</li> <li>from a sibling to a sibling;</li> <li>from a child to a parent;</li> <li>from a spouse or parent liv voluntary or court-ordered individuals in long-term ca</li> <li>from an alien sponsor to the</li> </ul>	ring apart from to or DCSE-order are);		
	The family unit will include any chi whom a unit member is legally resp child(ren) meet(s) a covered group,	oonsible regardl	ess of whethe	er or not the
1. Member In One Unit	An applicant/recipient can be a mer at a time.	nber of only one	e family unit	or one budget uni
2. May Exclude A Child	The applicant can choose to exclude reason. If the parent wants to exclu- application, the request for exclusion child's needs are considered, and no deemed available to the unit. The a must be explained to the applicant of	de a child who on must be in wr one of his incom dvantages and o	has been liste riting. None o le or resource	ed on the of the excluded s are counted or
3. <i>Child</i> Living Away From Home	A parent, or a child under age 21 will living in the household for family u temporary and the parent or child ir of the absence (such as employmen medical care, vacation, visit) is com	nit composition atends to return t, military servio	purposes if the to the home v	he absence is when the purpose
	Children living in foster homes/inst home. They are indefinitely absent parents or siblings for Medicaid pur	from home and		

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4. Psychiatric Residential Treatment Facilities (PRTFs)	Children residing in a PRTF <i>(formerly called a Level C PRTF)</i> are not temporarily absent from home. They are indefinitely absent from home and are not living with their parents or siblings for Medicaid purposes, if their stay in the facility has been 30 calendar days or longer. Long-term care rules do not apply to these children.
	If the child is placed in a PRTF, verify <i>that the facility is</i> on the Magellan website at <u>https://www.magellanofvirginia.com/for-providers/residential-program-process</u> . Click on <b>Medicaid Contracted Residential Treatments</b> <b>Service Providers</b> . <i>PRTFs are denoted as Provider Type</i> = 077 <i>and</i> <i>Provider Specialty</i> = <i>blank</i> . If the facility is not a <i>PRTF</i> facility, the child is NOT considered living away from his parents.
5. Medical Facilities	Children in medical institutions (facilities) are temporarily absent from home if their stay in the medical facility is less than 30 consecutive days. If the stay has been, or is expected to be, 30 or more consecutive days, go to section M1410.010 to determine if the child is institutionalized in long-term care. A child who is institutionalized in a medical facility or Medicaid waiver services is NOT considered living with his or her parents for Medicaid eligibility purposes.
6. Parent/ Caretaker- Relative Living in the Home	A parent/caretaker-relative who is absent from the home is considered living with a child in the household if the absence is temporary and the parent/caretaker-relative intends to return home when the purpose of the absence (such as military service, vacation, education, medical care or rehabilitation) is complete.
C. Procedure	<ul> <li>This section contains an overview of the F&amp;C family unit and budget unit rules. The detailed policy and procedures are contained in the following sections:</li> <li>M0520.010 Definitions;</li> <li>M0520.100 Family Unit Rules;</li> <li>M0520.200 Budget Unit Rules;</li> <li>M0520.300 Deeming From Spouse;</li> <li>M0520.400 Deeming From Parent;</li> <li>M0520.500 Changes In Status;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>M0520.600 Pregnant Woman Budget Unit;</li> <li>M0520.700 L disitile All data and D Encide Unit;</li> </ul>

• M0520.700 Individual Under Age 21 Family Unit.

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### M0520.010 DEFINITIONS

A.	Introduction	This section contains definitions of the terms used in the F&C family/budget unit policy and procedures.
B.	Acknowledged Father	In Virginia, a man who is legally married to the mother of a child on the child's date of birth is considered to be the legal father of the child <b>UNLESS</b> another man has been determined by DCSE or a court to be the child's father. The man listed on the application form as the child's father is considered to be the child's acknowledged father when:
		• the mother was not married to another man on the child's birth date, or
		• the mother was married to another man on the child's birth date but DCSE or a court determined that the man listed on the application is the child's father,
		unless documentation, such as the child's birth certificate, shows that another man is the child's father.
		NOTE: Her declaration on the application of the child's father's name is sufficient unless there is evidence that contradicts the application. The mother's marital status at the time of the child's birth does not require verification; her declaration of her marital status is sufficient. See M0310.123 for the definition of a parent.
C.	Household	For this subchapter's purposes, the "household" is everyone living in the residence and who is listed on the Application for Benefits as living in the residence.
D.	Legal Emancipation	"Legal emancipation" from parents means that the parents and child have gone through court and a judge has declared that the parents have surrendered the right to the care, custody and earnings of the child and have renounced parental duties.
		A married Medicaid minor is NOT emancipated unless a court has declared the married minor emancipated from his or her parent(s).
E.	Legally Responsible Relative	A legally responsible relative is a person who is related to the individual applicant or recipient and who has a legal obligation under federal and state law to support the individual applicant/recipient.
		Under federal Medicaid law and regulations, the only relatives who are legally responsible relatives are the following relative(s) with whom the individual applicant or recipient lives:
		• the individual's spouse, and
		• the individual 's parent if the individual is a child under age 21 years.

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**F. Medicaid Minor** A child under age 21 years is a Medicaid minor.

#### M0520.100 FAMILY UNIT RULES

A. Introduction This section contains the rules that apply to the family unit within a household applying for Medicaid. The family unit consists of the individuals in the household among whom legal responsibility for support exists. A parent or non-parent caretaker can choose to exclude any child from the family unit by excluding the child from the Medicaid application (see M0520.001 B).

- B. Family UnitWhen determining composition of the F&C family unit, start with the<br/>individual who applies for Medicaid and who meets a MN F&C covered<br/>group's requirements. These covered groups are:
  - MN Pregnant Women ;
  - MN Newborn Children;
  - MN Children Under Age 18;
  - MN Individuals < 21 in foster care, adoption assistance, and ICF or an ICF-MR.

Begin forming the family unit(s) by identifying a pregnant woman in the household, if any. If the household does not contain a pregnant woman, begin forming the family unit(s) by identifying the child(ren) who meets an F&C MN covered group.

- 1. Member In One<br/>Unit At A TimeAn applicant/recipient's Medicaid eligibility can only be determined in one<br/>F&C family unit at a time.
- 2. Include<br/>Responsible<br/>Relative(s)The unit must include the legally responsible relative(s) with whom the<br/>individual lives (parent for child under age 21 and spouse for spouse),<br/>EXCEPT when:
  - the child is in foster care and is placed in his/her home for a trial visit; or
  - the spouse or the parent receives an SSI or IV-E foster care/adoption subsidy payment. Do not include SSI and IV-E Foster Care/Adoption Assistance recipients in the unit.

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Include a TANF recipient who is a responsible relative in the unit but **do not count the TANF grant as income**. Non-TANF income is counted as income to the unit.

The unit must also include all individuals in the household for whom each individual in the unit is legally responsible except

- excluded individuals;
- SSI recipients, and
- IV-E recipients.

For example, a child age 10 lives with his mother and his 5 year-old sister who receives SSI; all are included on the application. The family unit consists of the 10 year old child and his mother who is legally responsible for him, but not his SSI recipient sister even though the mother is also legally responsible for her.

- 3. Child Under 21<br/>Living Away<br/>From HomeA child under age 21 who is living away from home is considered living<br/>with his/her parent(s) in the household for family unit composition<br/>purposes if:
  - the child is not emancipated, and
  - the absence is temporary and the child intends to return to the parent's home when the purpose of the absence (such as education, rehabilitation, medical care, vacation, visit) is completed.

Children in medical institutions (facilities) are temporarily absent from home if their stay in the medical facility is less than 30 consecutive days. If the stay has been, or is expected to be, 30 or more consecutive days, go to section M1410.010 to determine if the child is institutionalized in longterm care. A child who is institutionalized in a medical facility or Medicaid waiver services is NOT considered living with his parents for Medicaid eligibility purposes.

Children placed in *Level C PRTFs* are considered absent from their home if their stay in the facility has been **30** days or more. A child who is placed in a *Level C PRTF* is considered NOT living with his parents for Medicaid eligibility purposes as of the first day of the month in which the 30<sup>th</sup> day of psychiatric residential placement occurs. Long-term care rules do not apply to these children.

If the child is placed in a PRTF, verify that it is a Level C facility on the Department of Medical Assistance Services web site at <u>http://dmasva.dmas.virginia.gov/Content\_pgs/obh-home.aspx</u>. If the facility is not a Level C facility, the child is considered not to be living away from his parents.

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4.	Pregnant	An individual who meets the pregnant woman definition is counted as at
	Woman	least two persons when her eligibility is being determined in the MI
		Pregnant Woman or MN Pregnant Woman covered group. The unborn
		child (or children, if medical documentation verifies more than one fetus)
		must be included in the unit with the pregnant woman when determining
		her eligibility. A separate calculation is required for the other family unit
		members who do not meet a pregnant woman covered group. This
		calculation does NOT include the unborn child(ren) as part of the family
		unit and/or budget unit (BU).

- 5. Cohabitant A cohabitant is not the child(ren)'s parent and is not legally responsible for anyone in the family unit. Therefore, the cohabitant is not included in the family unit. Do not count a cohabitant's income or resources.
- C. Family Unit Examples for MN Eligibility Determinations

1. Household With Excluded Child **EXAMPLE #1:** Household listed on application consists of applicant, her disabled spouse, her 15-year old son, and husband's 20-year old daughter. The 20-year old daughter is employed full-time. Medicaid is requested for applicant, her spouse, and her son. She specifies in writing that she wishes to exclude her husband's 20-year old daughter. *It is determined that the applicants are not eligible for Medicaid in any categorically needy covered groups due to excess income; however, the 15-year old son meets a MN Children Under 18 covered group and his mother requests that he be evaluated for a spenddown.* 

The family unit consists of:

- the applicant
- her husband, and
- her 15-year old son.

The family unit's income is determined using the F&C income policy and procedures.

2. Household With Acknowledged Father EXAMPLE #2: Household listed on the Medicaid application consists of pregnant woman applicant, her 5-year old son and her boyfriend, who is the acknowledged father of the 5-year old. They all request Medicaid. It is determined that the applicants are not eligible for Medicaid in any categorically needy covered groups due to excess income; however, the pregnant woman and her son both meet MN covered groups, and the pregnant woman requests that they be evaluated for a spenddown.

The family unit for the Medicaid eligibility determination for the 5-year old child consists of:

- the woman,
- the 5-year old child and
- the child's acknowledged father.

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The family unit for the Medicaid eligibility determination for the pregnant woman consists of:

- the pregnant woman,
- her unborn child,
- the 5-year old child, and
- the child's acknowledged father.

The family unit's income is determined using the F&C income policy and procedures.

### M0520.101 MULTIPLE FAMILY UNITS

A.	. Policy		Multiple family units exist in a household in the following situations:
	1.	Non-parent Caretaker	When the individual is applying for Medicaid as a non-parent caretaker of a dependent child, multiple family units exist.
	2.	ChildNo Responsible Relative In Home	When the individual applying is a child under age 21 but has no responsible relative living in the household and is not a sibling of another child(ren) in the household, multiple family units exist.
	3.	AdultNo Responsible Relative In Home	When the individual applying is age 21 or older and is not legally responsible for the other applicant(s) in the household, multiple family units exist.
	4.	Foster Care Child	When the individual applying is a foster care child whose parent(s) live in the household and who is placed in his/her home for a trial visit (see M0520.701 below), multiple family units exist.
	5.	Siblings	Siblings under age 21 are included in the same family unit.
	6.	SSI Child	A child receiving SSI is always a separate family unit of one person.
B.	Pro	ocedures	When an applicant applies for a child in the household, begin forming the family unit by identifying the child(ren) who applies and meets an F&C covered group. Divide the household into multiple family units when:
			• the household contains an individual(s) who applies for Medicaid but who is not a legally responsible relative of the other individual(s) who has applied; or
			• the household contains a foster care child under age 21 who is placed in the home for a trial visit.

Each family unit must contain only those individuals among whom legal responsibility for financial support exists.

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### M0520.200 BUDGET UNIT RULES

А.	Policy		and ind elig can gro bas	Is are formed to assure that only the individual's resources and income of the resources and income of those persons legally responsible for the ividual are used to determine the individual's Medicaid financial gibility. If the individual's family unit has resources or income which mot be verified or which exceed the limit for the individual's covered pup, determine if the family unit can be broken into BU. Forming BUs and on resources is only applicable to the F&C MN covered groups. A hily unit must be broken into BUs when:
			1.	a child in the family unit has his/her own income;
			2.	a child in the family unit has his/her own resources (applicable only for F&C MN covered groups);
			3.	the child's stepparent is in the family unit;
			4.	the child's parent with whom he/she lives is a Medicaid minor (under age 21) and they live with the minor parent's parent(s);
			5.	the child is married and living with his/her spouse and his/her parent(s);
			6.	the child(ren)'s acknowledged father lives in the household and is not married to the child(ren)'s mother.
			uni per	members of a family unit must be placed in a BU when the family t can be divided into BUs. Although they will be included in a BU, sons found eligible at the family unit level do NOT have their gibility redetermined at the BU level.
B.	Budge	t Unit Rules	The	e rules that apply to BU composition are:
	1. M Ur	ember In One nit	An	applicant/recipient can be a member of only one F&C BU.

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2.	Children With Own Resources (F&C MN Only) or Income	The child(ren) with his or her own resources or income is in a separate BU. Deem resources and income from parents. Resources are deemed and/or counted only when determining eligibility for F&C MN covered groups.
	income	The parent(s) is/are included in the unit with child(ren) who has no resources or income.
		If all of the children have resources or income, the parent(s) is/are in a separate BU. If there is more than one child with resources or income, the resources or income deemed from the parents are divided evenly among the children.
3.	Medicaid Minor Caretaker Applicant	When the Medicaid minor parent is not married and lives with his/her parent(s), he or she is included in a BU with his/her parent(s), NOT with his or her child(ren).
	Аррисан	When the Medicaid minor parent is married and lives with his/her parent(s) and spouse, he or she is in a BU by himself/herself, NOT with his/her parent(s) and NOT with his or her child(ren) and spouse.
		A married Medicaid minor parent is in a separate BU when living with his/her spouse and the minor's parent(s).
4.	Married Medicaid Minor	When the Medicaid minor is married and lives with his/her parent(s) and spouse, he or she is in a BU by himself/herself, NOT with his/her parent(s) and NOT with his or her child(ren) and spouse. A married Medicaid minor is in a separate BU when living with his/her spouse and the minor's parent(s).
5.	Stepparent In Household	A stepparent is not included in a BU with his/her stepchild(ren). A married parent (except a Medicaid minor parent who lives with his/her parents) is included in a BU with his/her spouse and their child(ren)-in-common. The parent's other child(ren) who are not the child(ren) of his/her spouse are in a separate BU.
6.	Deeming From Parents	When determining how much of the child's parent's income or resources are deemed available to the child's BU, any income or resources deemed to the parent from the parent's spouse who is not the child's parent, is NOT counted in the deeming calculation.
		No income or resources deemed from the parent(s) of a minor child are deemed to the minor child's spouse or the minor's child.
7.	Acknowledged Father	An acknowledged father who lives in the household and is not married to the child(ren)'s mother is in a BU separate from the mother. Their child(ren)-in-common is NOT included in the BU with the father; the child(ren)-in-common is in a separate BU.

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8. Spenddown Expenses If a BU is ineligible because of excess income, only the unit's member's medical expenses will count toward the unit's spenddown, unless a BU member is legally liable to pay the medical expenses of another person in the household, whether or not that other person is in another Medicaid BU. If a BU member is legally liable for another person in the household, the other person's medical bills can count toward the BU member's spenddown.

> A medical expense can only be used once to meet only one unit's spenddown. A child's medical expenses are first deducted from the child's unit. If the child's unit spenddown is not met, the child's medical expenses can be deducted from the parent's spenddown. If the child's unit's spenddown is met, then the child's medical expenses that were not used to meet the child's spenddown can be deducted from the parent's spenddown, if the medical expenses are not covered by Medicaid or other health insurance.

#### M0520.201 CHILD(REN) WITH RESOURCES AND/OR INCOME

<b>A.</b>	Policy	The child(ren) with his or her own resources (F&C MN covered groups only) or income is in a separate BU. Forming BUs based on resources is only applicable to F&C MN covered groups. Deem income and resources from the parents if the child is living with the parents; and from the child's spouse if the child is married and living with the spouse.
B.	Forming Budget Units <i>for the MN</i>	Place the child who has his/her own resources or income in a BU by himself.
	Eligibility Determination	<b>EXAMPLE #6:</b> Household listed on application consists of a woman, her disabled spouse, their 15-year old son, and their 20-year old daughter. <i>The son's MN eligibility is being determined.</i>
		The family unit consists of:
		<ul><li>the mother,</li><li>her husband, and</li><li>their two children under age 21.</li></ul>
		Because the son receives unearned income from a trust fund, the family unit is broken into BUs:
		<ul> <li>BU #1 = son</li> <li>BU #2 = mother, her husband, and their daughter</li> </ul>
		The parent's BU's countable income is calculated to determine how much income is deemed to the son's BU. The parent's deemed income is added to the son's income to determine the son's BU's countable income for <i>MN</i> eligibility.

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### M0520.202 MARRIED MEDICAID MINOR OR MEDICAID MINOR CARETAKER LIVING WITH PARENT

A. Policy The Medicaid minor parent (caretaker) is included in a BU with his/her parent(s), NOT with his or her child(ren), unless the Medicaid minor caretaker has resources (F&C MN covered groups only) or income of his/her own, or is married and living with his/her spouse.

If the Medicaid minor parent (caretaker) has resources or income, or is married and living with a parent(s) and his/her spouse, place the Medicaid minor caretaker in a BU by himself/herself and deem the parents' resources and income (and the spouse's resources and income, when the Medicaid minor caretaker is married and living with his/her spouse) to the Medicaid minor caretaker.

#### B. Forming Budget Units

- 1. Medicaid
   Place the Medicaid minor parent caretaker in a BU with his/her parents

   Minor
   when the Medicaid minor parent:

   Caretaker
   Caretaker
  - is not married, or is married but not living with his/her spouse, and
  - has no resources or income of his/her own.

**EXAMPLE #7:** Household listed on application consists of woman applicant, her disabled spouse, their 17-year old daughter and her 2-year old son (woman's grandson). *The daughter's MN eligibility is being determined.* 

The family unit consists of :

- the mother,
- her husband,
- their daughter, and
- the daughter's son.

The family unit's income is determined using the F&C income policy and procedures. Because the daughter is a Medicaid minor parent, the family unit is broken into BUs:

- BU #1 = 2-year old grandson
- BU #2 = the mother, her husband and the 17-year old Medicaid minor parent

The mother and her husband's countable income is calculated to determine the Medicaid minor parent's eligibility as *MN*.

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- 2. Married Place the married Medicaid minor in a BU by himself/herself when the Medicaid minor: Minor
  - is married and living with his/her spouse, or
  - has resources or income of his/her own, AND
  - lives with his/her parent(s).

Deem a portion of the married Medicaid minor's parent's resources and income to the married minor, and deem a portion of the married minor's spouse's resources and income to the married minor.

**EXAMPLE #8:** Household listed on application consists of the married Medicaid minor applicant age 17, her spouse age 25 and her parents. *The minor's MN eligibility is being determined.* 

The family unit consists of:

- the married Medicaid minor,
- her husband, and
- her parents.

Because the daughter is a married Medicaid minor who lives wth her parents and her spouse, the family unit is broken into BUs:

- BU #1 = the married Medicaid minor
- BU #2 = her husband
- BU #3 = her parents

The parent's BU's countable income is calculated to determine the amount deemed to the married Medicaid minor. Her husband's countable income is calculated to determine the amount deemed to the married Medicaid minor. The income deemed from the married Medicaid minor's parents and the income deemed from her husband are added to the married Medicaid minor's income to determine her total countable income.

 1. Medicaid
 Place the Medicaid minor parent caretaker in a BU by himself/herself when the Medicaid minor caretaker has resources or income of his/her own.

**EXAMPLE #9:** Household listed on application consists of woman applicant, her spouse, their 17-year old daughter and the 17-year old's 2-year old son. *The daughter's MN eligibility is being determined.* 

The family unit consists of:

- the mother,
- her husband,
- their daughter, and
- their daughter's 2-year old son.

1. Medicaid Minor Parent Caretaker Has Resources or Income

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The family unit's income is determined using the F&C income policy and procedures. Because the Medicaid minor parent caretaker has unearned income from a trust fund, the family unit is broken into BUs:

- BU #1 = the 2-year old
- BU #2 = the Medicaid minor parent
- BU #3 = the mother and father of the minor parent

The mother and father's BU's countable income is calculated to determine the amount of income to deem to their daughter.

The Medicaid minor parent's BU's countable income is first calculated to determine her income. Her income then is added to the amount of income deemed from her parents to determine her eligibility. A separate calculation must be done to determine the amount of the Medicaid minor parent's own income (not including income deemed from her parents) that must be deemed to her 2-year old.

The 2-year old's BU's countable income is the amount of income deemed from his mother since he has no other source of income.

#### M0520.203 STEPPARENT IN HOUSEHOLD

A. Policy A stepparent is in a BU separate from his/her stepchild(ren). A married parent (except a minor married parent) is included in a BU with his/her spouse and their child(ren)-in-common. The parent's(s') other child(ren) who are not the child(ren) of his/her spouse are in a separate BU.

Deem resources and income from the parent to his/her child's BU. Do not deem any of the stepparent's resources or income to the parent's child.

 B. Forming Budget Units
 Place a married parent in a BU that is separate from the parent's child(ren); include the married parent's spouse (the child's stepparent) in the BU with the parent. Include the parent's and stepparent's child(ren)-in-common in the BU with the parent and stepparent.

**EXAMPLE #10:** Household listed on application consists of mother, her spouse, their 6-year old son, and her 8-year old son from another relationship. *The children's MN eligibility is being determined.* 

The family unit consists of:

- the mother,
- her 8-year old son,
- her spouse (stepparent to her son), and
- their 6-year old son.

The family unit's income is determined using the F&C income policy and procedures. BUs are *applicable* because there is a stepparent in the home:

- BU #1 = 8-year old child
- BU #2 = mother, stepparent, their 6-year old child

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### M0520.204 ACKNOWLEDGED FATHER IN HOUSEHOLD

А.	Policy	An acknowledged father who lives in the household and is not married to the child(ren)'s mother is in a BU separate from the mother. Their child(ren)-in-common is NOT included in the BU with the father; the child(ren)-in-common is in a separate BU.
		The mother's own children (who are not the acknowledged father's children) are included in a BU with the mother (unless the child(ren) has resources or income of his/her own).
B.	Forming Budget Units	When an acknowledged father lives in the household and is not married to the child(ren)'s mother, place the child(ren) and the acknowledged father in separate BUs.
		<b>EXAMPLE #11:</b> Household listed on application consists of mother, her boyfriend who is the acknowledged father of their 4-year old son, their 4-year old son and her 8-year old daughter. <i>The children's MN eligibility is being determined.</i>
		The family unit consists of:
		<ul> <li>the mother,</li> <li>her 8-year old daughter,</li> <li>the acknowledged father, and</li> <li>their 4-year old son.</li> </ul>
		Because there is an acknowledged father, BUs are formed:
		BU #1 = mother, her 8-year old child BU #2 = their 4-year old child BU #3 = acknowledged father
M	0520.300 DEEMING	G FROM SPOUSE
A.	Policy	The spouse is included in the F&C spouse's budget unit UNLESS:
		• the spouse is an SSI or IV-E recipient (do NOT deem any resources or income from an SSI or IV-E recipient spouse to the

- resources or income from an SSI or IV-E recipient spouse to the F&C spouse);
- the F&C spouse is a Medicaid minor parent and they are living with his/her parent(s);

the F&C spouse's spouse is under age 21 and they are living with the spouse's parent(s).

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 B. SSI or IV-E Recipient Spouse
 If eligibility is being determined in an F&C covered group that has a resource test, the income and resources owned solely by an SSI or IV-E recipient are not considered available to his/her spouse. The pro-rata share of resources owned jointly by the F&C spouse and his/her SSI or IV-E recipient spouse is counted available to the F&C spouse when they are living together.

When **not** living together, resources owned jointly with the SSI or IV-E recipient are available only if the SSI or IV-E recipient agrees to sell or liquidate the resource. If the SSI or IV-E recipient agrees, then only 1/2 of the resource's value is counted as available to the F&C spouse.

C. Married Medicaid Minor Living With Parents Determine how much of the deemor spouse's resources and income to deem to the F&C spouse (Medicaid minor) using the following procedures:

#### a. Determine Countable Resources

1. Deem

Resources

Determine the value of the deemor spouse's countable resources owned solely and jointly, according to policy in chapter M06.

#### b. Subtract Resource Deeming Standard

From the total of the deemor spouse's share of jointly held resources and resources held in his/her name only, subtract the \$1,000 resource deeming standard.

#### c. Deem Remaining Resources

The remaining value, if any, is deemed available to the F&C spouse.

#### d. Deeming Does Not Reduce Resources

If any of the deemor spouse's resources that are over the resource limit are deemed, this does not make the spouse resource-eligible. Deeming resources does not reduce the deemor's countable resources.

# **2. Deem Income** To determine how much of the deemor spouse's income to deem to the F&C spouse, use the following procedures:

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#### a. Determine Countable Income

Determine the deemor spouse's gross monthly countable unearned and earned income according to chapter M07.

#### b. Subtract Earned Income Exclusions

Subtract the applicable earned income exclusions listed in section M0720.500:

- Standard work exclusion of \$90 (M0720.520), and
- Child/incapacitated adult care exclusion (M0720.540).

#### c. Subtract Deeming Standard

Subtract the deeming standard. The deeming standard is the F&C 100% income limit for the locality for

- the number of persons in the deemor spouse's BU, plus
- the number of deemor's child(ren) under age 21 in the household who are excluded from the Medicaid application (are not included in **any** Medicaid BU) and who are or can be claimed as dependents on the deemor's federal income tax return. If the deemor has not previously filed a return or states that he/she will claim a different number of dependents for the current year, use the number of dependents he/she intends to claim for the current year.

See M0710, Appendix 3, for the F&C 100% income limit.

# NOTE: For the deeming calculation, a pregnant woman is only 1 person.

#### d. Subtract Support Payments Made

Subtract actual support paid to individuals NOT in the home, who are or could be claimed as dependents on the **deemor's** federal tax return.

Subtract actual alimony and/or child support payments made to individuals NOT in the home and not claimed as dependents on the **deemor's** federal income tax return.

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#### e. Deem Remainder

		<ul><li>Deem the remaining balance to the eligible F&amp;C spouse (plus the spouse's F&amp;C child(ren), if any, who is not in the spouse's BU) as unearned income.</li><li>NOTE: Deeming income does not reduce the deemor's countable income for his Medicaid eligibility determination.</li></ul>
D.	Example Married Minor Living With Parents	<b>EXAMPLE #12: (Using 1999 figures)</b> A Medicaid minor pregnant woman lives with her husband, their 1-year old child, his 14-year old child from a previous marriage, and her parents. They live in Group I. Her husband earns \$3,200 monthly. She has no income. She and her husband own a joint savings account with a balance of \$1,600. Her father earns \$2,000 monthly; her mother has no income. <i>MN eligibility is being determined for the minor pregnant woman.</i>
	1. Family Unit	The Medicaid minor pregnant woman's family unit consists of herself, her unborn child, her husband, their 1-year old child, his 14-year old child, and her parents (a family unit of 7).
	2. Budget Units	Because there is a Medicaid minor parent and a stepparent in the household, the family unit is divided into BUs:
		<ul> <li>BU #1 = the minor PG woman and unborn child (2);</li> <li>BU #2 = her spouse, their 1-year old child (2);</li> <li>BU #3 = her spouse's 14-year old child (1);</li> <li>BU #4 = her parents (2).</li> </ul>

Due to excess income at the BU level, a MN eligibility determination is required. Portions of her spouse's resources (for F&C MN only) and income are deemed to her BU according to the spouse deeming procedures.

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BU #1 spouse deeming calculations:

#### a. Resource Deeming

- \$ 800 husband's  $\frac{1}{2}$  of joint savings
- <u>-1,000</u> resource deeming standard

0 excess (no resources deemed to F&C spouse)

#### b. Income Deeming

- \$3,200 husband's earnings
- <u>90</u> standard work exclusion
- 3,110 countable income
- 229 deeming standard for deemor's BU (2 persons in Group I)
- 2.881 excess
- $\div$  2 PG woman (spouse) and 14-year-old child
- \$1,440.50 deemed to each

The parents' deemed resources and income to the pregnant woman's BU are calculated according to M0520.400 below. The parents' deemed income is added to the spouse's deemed income to determine the minor PG woman's income eligibility.

#### M0520.400 DEEMING FROM PARENT

#### A. Policy

A parent's resources and income are considered available (either counted in the unit or deemed) to a child under age 21 living with a parent. The parent's resources and income are deemed to the child when the child is in a separate BU from the parent, unless

- the parent is an SSI recipient or has a 1619b status, •
- the parent receives IV-E foster care or adoption assistance,
- the child is living away from home per M0520.001 B.3, or •
- the child is a foster care child placed in the home for a trial visit of 6 • months or less.
- 1. Deeming The deeming standard is the portion of the parent's countable resources or Standard income that is not considered available to the child who is in a separate BU from the parent. The resource deeming standard is \$1,000. The income deeming standard is the locality F&C 100% income limit for the deemor parent's BU plus any excluded children.
- 2. Single Parent or When each child in the home has only one parent in the home and the parent Parent and is in a separate BU, subtract the whole deeming standard from the parent's Stepparent with countable resources and income. No Child in Common
  - Note: A stepparent is not a "parent" for deeming purposes.

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	3.	Both Parents In Same BU-	a. No Stepchildren
		Married With Child in Common	When both parents (at least one child in common) are in the same BU and there are no stepchildren, subtract the whole deeming standard from the parents' resources and income.
			b. Stepchildren
			When both parents (at least one child in common) are in the same BU and they have at least one child in common in the home who is included in the family unit, subtract one-half of the deeming standard for the parents' BU from deemor parent's resources and income.
			When both parents are in the same BU and all their children-in-common are excluded from the family unit, subtract the whole deeming standard for the parents' BU from the deemor parent's resources and income.
	4.	Both Parents In Different BUs	When both parents (at least one child in common) are in separate BUs, subtract the whole deeming standard from the deemor parent's countable resources and income.
B.	De	eming Resources	To determine how much of the deemor parent's resources to deem to the child, use the following procedures:
	1.	Determine Countable Resources	Determine the value of countable resources owned solely by the parent and the value of countable resources owned jointly with the parent's spouse or another person, according to policy in chapter M06. All resources that are in the deemor parent's name only plus the deemor's share of jointly held resources are counted.
	2.	Subtract	resources and income. To determine how much of the deemor parent's resources to deem to the child, use the following procedures: Determine the value of countable resources owned solely by the parent ar the value of countable resources owned jointly with the parent's spouse of another person, according to policy in chapter M06. All resources that ar the deemor parent's name only plus the deemor's share of jointly held resources are counted. <b>a. Single Parent or Parent and Stepparent with No Child in Commones</b> Subtract the whole resource deeming standard of \$1,000 from the deemore total countable resources (those in the deemor's name only plus the deemore of the deemore
		Resource Deeming Standard	Subtract the whole resource deeming standard of \$1,000 from the deemor's total countable resources (those in the deemor's name only plus the deemor's share of jointly held resources).
			Separate deeming calculations for each deemor parent must be done to ensure stepparent resources are not deemed.
			b. Both Parents In Same BU With Child in Common
			<ol> <li>Subtract the whole deeming standard of \$1,000 from the parents' countable resources when there are children in common and no stepchildren in the home.</li> </ol>
			When both parents are deeming only to children in common, their resources are combined and only one deeming calculation is done.

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		<ol> <li>Subtract one-half of the deemor parent's counta common and stepchild common in the home is</li> <li>Separate deeming calcu to ensure stepparent res</li> </ol>	ble resources, v ren in the home s included in the alations for each	when there are e, and at least of e family unit.	children in one child-in-
		c. Both Parents In Different	BUs		
		When both parents are in the whole resource deeming countable resources (those share of jointly held resource	g standard of \$1 in the deemor's	,000 from the	deemor's tota
		Separate deeming calculation parent.	ons must be cor	npleted for each	ch deemor
3.	Deem Resources Remainder	The remaining value, if any, is child(ren) who are not in the pa non-excluded child in the house the remaining resource value by are not in the parent's BU.	rent's BU. If the first second s	ne parent has r t in the parent	more than one 's BU, divide
		NOTE: Deeming resources do deemor's eligibility det		ountable resou	rces for the
4.	Example Resource Deeming From Parent	<b>EXAMPLE #13:</b> A woman live her 11- year old and 12-year old 14-year old child from a previous children's MN eligibility is being	d children from ous marriage. T	a previous ma	arriage, and h
		The family's resources consist by the woman and her spouse, value of \$1,000 and a second conspouse) with an equity value of valued at \$100.	one car owned l ar (owned joint	by the husband by by the wom	d with an equi
		<ul> <li>The Medicaid family unit is broceligibility.</li> <li>budget unit #1 = her hu</li> <li>budget unit #2 = their 5</li> <li>budget unit #3 = her 11</li> <li>budget unit #4 = her 12</li> <li>budget unit #5 = the work</li> </ul>	usband's 14-year 5 year old child; 1 year old child; 2 year old child;	r old child;	rmine resourc
		Each parent has a child who is separate deeming calculations a		his/her spouse	e; therefore,

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#### a. Mom's Resource Deeming Calculation

The mother's resources are deemed available to each of her children who are not in her BU (including her child-in-common with her husband):

- $525 \frac{1}{2}$  savings account
- + 25 her  $\frac{1}{2}$  equity in the second car (not excluded)
- 550 countable resources
- <u>- 500</u> <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> resource deeming standard (parents in same BU, child in common)
  - 50 deemable resources
- $\div$  3 number of her children not in her BU
- \$16.67 deemed to each of her children not in her BU

#### b. Dad's Resource Deeming Calculation

The Dad's resources are deemed available to each of his children who are not in his BU (including his child-in-common with his wife):

- 525  $\frac{1}{2}$  savings account
- + 25 his  $\frac{1}{2}$  equity in the second car (not excluded)
- 550 countable resources
- <u>500</u> ½ resource deeming standard (parents in same BU, child in common)
   <u>500</u> deemable resources
- $\div$  2 number of his children not in his BU
- \$ 25 deemed to each of his children not in his BU

## c. Budget Units #3 and #4

- \$ 100.00 child's savings bond
- + 16.67 deemed from Mom
- \$ 116.67 child's countable resources

Each child has total resources of \$116.67. Each child's resources are less than the MN resource limit; each is resource-eligible and is placed on an MN spenddown.

#### d. Budget Unit #1

- \$ 100.00 child's savings bond
- + 25.00 deemed from Dad
- \$ 125.00 child's countable resources

The child has total resources of \$125. Dad's child's resources are less than the MN resource limit, so the child is resource-eligible and is placed on an MN spenddown.

## e. Budget Unit #2

- \$100.00 child's savings bond
- + 16.67 deemed from Mom
- $\pm 25.00$  deemed from Dad
- \$141.67 child's countable resources

Their child's countable resources are less than the MN resource limit, so their child is resource-eligible and is placed on an MN spenddown.

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. De	eeming Income		ermine how much of the child(ren), use the followi		income to deer	m to the
1.	Determine Countable Income		nine the deemor parent's g l income according to cha		untable unearr	ned and
2.	Subtract Earned Income Exclusions	Subtra M072	ct the applicable earned in 0.500:	ncome exclusion	s listed in sect	ion
		•	standard work exclusion	n of \$90 (M0720	.520), and	
		•	child/incapacitated adul	t care exclusion(	M0720.540).	
3.	Subtract Income Deeming Standard		ingle Parent or Parent a common	nd Stepparent v	with No Child	in
		sta	btract the whole income of indard is the F&C 100% i opendix 3) for			
		•	the number of persons i	n the deemor's B	U, plus	
		•	the number of children we excluded from the Medi Medicaid assistance uni dependents on the deem deemor has not previous will claim a different nu use the number of depen current year. Do not co determining the income	caid application t) and who are on or's federal incon- sly filed a tax returner of dependent of dependent he/she into unt children who	(not included c can be claime me tax return. urn or states th ents for the cur ends to claim for receive SSI w	in <b>any</b> ed as If the nat he/she rent year, for the
		А	deeming calculation must	be done for each	n deemor pare	nt.
		NOTE	<b>C:</b> For the deeming calcuperson.	ulation, a pregn	ant woman is	only 1
		b. B	oth Parents In Same BU	and Child-in-C	Common	
		1)	) Subtract the whole inco income when there is a in the home.	-		-
			When both parents are only one deeming calcu		child(ren)-in-	common,

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2) Subtract one-half of the income deeming standard from the parent's countable income when there are children in common **and** stepchildren in the home, and at least one child-in-common in the home was included in the family unit.

Separate deeming calculations for each deemor parent must be done to ensure stepparent income is not deemed.

3) When both parents are in the same BU and ALL their children-incommon are excluded from the family unit, subtract the whole income deeming standard for the parents' BU from the deemor parent's income.

Separate deeming calculations for each deemor parent must be done to ensure stepparent income is not deemed.

# c. Both Parents In Different BUs

Subtract the whole income deeming standard from the deemor parent's countable income.

Separate deeming calculations must be done for each deemor parent.

- Subtract Support Payments
   Payments Made
   Subtract actual alimony and/or child support payments made to individuals are claimed as dependents on the deemor's federal income tax return.
- 5. Deem the remaining income as unearned income to the non-excluded F&C child(ren) in the household who are not in the parent's BU. If the parent has more than one non-excluded F&C child in the household who is not in the parent's BU, divide the remaining income by the number of non-excluded children who are not in the parent's BU (plus the parent's minor spouse, if any, who is not in the parent's BU).
  - NOTE: Deeming income does not reduce the deemor's countable income for the deemor's eligibility determination.

6. Example— Income
Deeming
From Parent;
Stepchildren
In Home
EXAMPLE #14: (Using July 2002 figures)
An application is filed for a woman who lives with her husband, their 5year-old child, her 11-year-old and 12-year-old children from a previous marriage, and his 14-year-old child from a previous marriage. They live in Group I. Her husband earns \$2,200 monthly. She earns \$800 monthly. Her children each receive \$150 monthly child support. They have no resources. The children's MN eligibility is being determined.

The Medicaid family unit is broken into budget units because there are stepparents in the home and some of the children have their own income.

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- budget unit #1 = Dad's 14-year old child
- budget unit #2 = Mom's 11-year old child
- budget unit #3 = Mom's 12-year old child
- budget unit #4 = Mom, Dad, and their child

Each parent has a child who is not the child of his/her spouse; therefore, separate deeming calculations are used.

## *a.* Mom's Income Deeming Calculation

Mom's countable income is deemed to each of her children who are not in her BU.

\$ 800.00	Mom's earnings
- 90.00	standard work exclusion
710.00	countable income
- 156.63	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> deeming standard for 3 in Group I (\$313.25)
553.37	deemable income
<u>÷ 2</u>	number of her children not in her BU
\$ 276.69	deemed to each child

# b. Dad's Income Deeming Calculation

Dad's countable income is deemed to his child.

\$2,200.00	Dad's earnings
- 90.00	standard work exclusion
2,110.00	countable income
- 156.63	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> deeming standard for 3 in Group I (\$313.25)
\$1,953.37	= deemable income

## *c*. BU #1

1,953.37 =countable income (deemed from Dad).

## *d.* BUs #2 and #3

- \$ 276.69 deemed unearned income from Mom
- + 150.00 child's own income
- 50.00 child support disregard
- 376.69 =countable income for both BUs

## *e*. BU #4

\$2,200 husband's earnings

- + 800 woman's earnings
- 180 standard work exclusions ( $\$90 \times 2 = 180$ )
- 2,820 = countable earned income for the child in common.

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7. Example—Income Deeming From Parent; All Children-in-Common Excluded

The Medicaid family unit is broken into budget units because there are stepparents in the home and Mom's two children have their own income.

- budget unit #1 = Dad's 14-year old child
- budget unit #2 = Mom's 11-year old child
- budget unit #3 = Mom's 12-year old child
- budget unit #4 = Mom and Dad

determined.

Their excluded child is not included in the parents' BU, but is counted when determining the deeming standard. Each parent has a child who is not the child of his/her spouse; therefore, separate deeming calculations are used.

## a. Mom's Income Deeming Calculation

Mom's countable income is deemed to each of her children who are not in her BU.

\$ 800.00	Mom's earnings
- 90.00	standard work exclusion
710.00	countable income
- 437.58	whole deeming standard for 3 in Group III
272.42	deemable income
÷ 2	number of her children not in her BU
\$136.21	deemed to each child

#### b. Dad's Income Deeming Calculation

Dad's countable income is deemed to his child.

\$2,200.00	Dad's earnings
- 90.00	standard work exclusion
2,110.00	countable income
<u>- 437.58</u>	whole deeming standard for 3 in Group III
\$1,672.42	= deemable income

## *c*. BU #1

1,672.42 =countable income (deemed from Dad)

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#### *d.* BUs #2 and #3

- \$ 136.21 deemed income from Mom
- + 150.00 child's own income
- 50.00 child support disregard
  - 236.21 = countable income

# *e*. BU #4

- \$2,200 Dad's earnings
- + 800 Mom's earnings
- 180 standard work exclusions ( $90 \times 2 = 180$ )
- 2,820 = countable income

Mom and Dad do not meet a MN covered group.

# M0520.500 CHANGES IN STATUS

- A. Policy When the household composition changes, or the circumstances of the household members change, the F&C family and budget unit may change, and the requirements to deem a spouse's or parent's resources and income may change.
- B. ProcedureSee M0520.501 for Family/Budget Unit Changes.See M0520.502 for Deeming Changes.

# M0520.501 FAMILY/BUDGET UNIT CHANGES

A.	Introduction	Some changes in the household composition which require changes in the family unit or budget units are listed and described in this section.
B.	Spouses Separate or Divorce	If a married F&C individual and his/her spouse separate or divorce and no longer live together, the spouse is not included in the F&C individual's family or budget unit beginning the month after the month in which the separation or the divorce occurred. If a married F&C individual and his/her spouse divorce but they remain living in the same household, the divorced father is considered an acknowledged father beginning the month after the month in which the divorce occurred.
C.	Individual Begins Living With A Spouse	For applicants, if an F&C individual or deemor begins living with a spouse, the spouse is included in the family or budget unit beginning with the month in which they begin living together.
		For recipients, if an F&C individual or deemor begins living with a spouse, the spouse is included in the family or budget unit beginning with the month after the month they begin living together.

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D.	Parent and Child Begin Living in Same Household	<ul> <li>household (e.g., a child comes fit the child and parent are included determining eligibility beginning together.</li> <li>For recipients, if an F&amp;C child be household (e.g., a child comes fit the child and parent are included)</li> </ul>	F&C child begins living with a parent in the same nild comes from aunt's home to live in mother's hom are included in the family unit for purposes of ity beginning the month in which they begin living F&C child begins living with a parent in the same nild comes from aunt's home to live in mother's hom are included in the family unit for purposes of ity beginning the month <b>after</b> the month they begin		
E.	Spouse or Parent Dies	<ul><li>NOTE: A newborn child is con date the child is born, unless the date.</li><li>If a spouse or parent dies, the sp budget unit effective with the more space.</li></ul>	child is entrust	ed into foster	care on that n the family or
F.	Individual Becomes Institutionalized	If an F&C individual becomes in in Medicaid CBC waiver service effective with the first month in	nstitutionalized es, the individua	, either in a m al is a separat	edical facility of family unit
G.	Individual Leaves Home	If an F&C individual leaves the family or budget unit beginning which he left the household.			
		NOTE: If a spouse, parent or ch household, this rule appl the spouse's, parent's or temporary.	lies effective w	ith the month	after the month
Н.	Child Attains Age 21	Effective the month following the child is removed from the family on the day preceding the anniver	v or budget unit	. An individu	

# M0520.502 DEEMING CHANGES

A.	Introduction	Some changes in the circumstances of the household members which require changes in the deeming procedures are listed and described in this section.
B.	Spouses Separate or Divorce	If a married F&C individual and his/her spouse separate or divorce and no longer live together, or their marriage ends in divorce but they remain living in the same household, the spouse's resources (F&C MN only) and income are not deemed to the F&C spouse's family or budget unit beginning the month after the month in which the separation or the divorce occurred. The divorced father who lives in the household with his child(ren) and ex-wife is treated like an acknowledged father.

NOTE: If an application is filed in the month of separation or divorce,

deeming applies that month even if the application is filed on or after the date of separation or divorce.

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c.	Individual Begins Living With A Spouse	If an F&C individual begins liv resources (F&C MN only) and effective with the month after the	d income to the	F&C spouse	's BU begins		
D.	Spouse Or Parent Dies	If a spouse or parent dies, deeming stops for purposes of determining eligibility effective with the month following the month of death. If the child lives with two parents and one dies, deeming continues from the surviving parent to determine eligibility.					
E.	Individual Becomes Institutionalized	If an F&C individual becomes institutionalized, either in a medical facil or in Medicaid CBC waiver services, deeming stops for purposes of determining eligibility effective with the first month in which the individual is institutionalized.					
F.	Individual Leaves Home	If a spouse, parent or child no longer live in the same household, deeming of that spouse's or parent's resources (F&C MN only) and income stops effective the month after the month the spouse, parent or child leaves the household for purposes of determining eligibility, except for a foster care child. When a child is removed from the home and placed in foster care, the child becomes an FU of 1 person effective the date of commitment or entrustment or non-custodial foster care agreement. The child is deleted from the family's FU effective the end of the month during which the child was placed in foster care.					
		NOTE: If a spouse, parent or o household, this rule ap month the spouse's, pa considered temporary.	plies effective arent's or child's	with the mon	th after the		
G.	Parent and Child Begin Living in Same Household	If an F&C child begins living w newborn child comes home fro deemed to the child's BU for p beginning the month after the n	m a hospital), the urposes of deter	he parent's in rmining eligi	come is bility		
H.	Child Attains Age 21	Deeming stops effective the mo attains age 21. An individual a anniversary of his/her birth. El individual's own income after the income for the current month as income in the form of cash prov	ttains age 21 or igibility is dete he child attains nd subsequent i	the day prec rmined using age 21. The nonths must	ceding the only the individual's		

# A. Policy A pregnant woman's family or budget unit always consists of at least 2 persons--herself and the unborn child, or children when it is medically verified that there is more than one fetus.

The other members of the household who are included in the pregnant woman's family or budget unit depend on whether the pregnant woman is under age 21 years, is married and is living with her parent(s) or spouse.

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**B. Budget Unit** The BU includes her spouse who lives with her unless the spouse receives SSI, or she and/or her spouse are Medicaid minors living with her or his parent(s).

The BU also includes her child(ren) under age 21 living in the home unless:

- the child(ren) has his or her (their) own income (child is separate BU);
- she specifically excludes the child(ren);
- the child(ren)'s acknowledged father is living in the home and is not married to the pregnant woman;
- she is a Medicaid minor and lives with her parent(s);
- she is a married Medicaid minor and lives with her spouse and parent(s); or
- she is married and living with her spouse who is not the father of the child(ren). If she is married, living with her spouse who is not the father of her child(ren), and she does not exclude her child(ren) under age 21 living in the home, the child(ren) is a separate BU and the pregnant woman's own income and resources deemed available to the child.

# M0520.601 UNMARRIED PG WOMAN OVER AGE 21 BUDGET UNIT

A. Policy

- An unmarried pregnant woman's family or budget unit always consists of at least 2 persons--herself and the unborn child, or children when it is medically verified that there is more than one fetus. It includes her minor child(ren) under age 21 who live with her unless
  - the child has his/her own resources or income,
  - the child's acknowledged father lives in the home, or
  - she excludes the child.
- B. Example--Unmarried PG Woman Over Age 21
   EXAMPLE #15: (Using February 2000 figures) Group II locality. An unmarried pregnant woman age 25 applies for Medicaid for herself and her 10-year old child. She lives with her parents, her 20 year old brother and her 10-year old child. They have no resources. She earns \$1,200 per month and her 10-year old child receives \$200 monthly child support from his father. Her family unit consists of herself (pregnant woman counts as two persons for her eligibility) and her 10-year old, 3 persons. The 10-year child's family unit consists of the 10-year old and his mother, 2 persons.
  - \$1,200 PG woman's earnings <u>- 90</u> standard work exclusion

1,110 countable earning

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- \$ 200 monthly child support
- 50 support disregard
- 150 countable unearned
- +1,110 countable earned

1,260 = countable monthly income

# M0520.602 MARRIED PG WOMAN BUDGET UNIT

A. Policy

A married pregnant woman's BU includes her spouse with whom she lives, unless

- she is under age 21 and they live with her parent(s),
- her spouse is under age 21 and they live with his parent(s),
- she has a minor child(ren) living in the household who is not her spouse's child, or
- her spouse has a minor child(ren) living in the household who is not the PG woman's child.
- 1. PG Woman Is Medicaid Minor Living With Her Parents
- 2. PG Woman's Spouse Is Medicaid Minor Living With Spouse's Parents

When the married PG woman is a Medicaid minor (under age 21 years old) and they live with her parent(s), the BU consists of the Medicaid minor pregnant woman and her unborn child (or children if medically verified). Her spouse and their child(ren) are in a separate BU.

When the married PG woman's spouse is a Medicaid minor and they live with her spouse's parent(s), the BU consists of the pregnant woman, the unborn child(ren) and their child(ren)-in-common, if any. Her Medicaid minor spouse is in a separate BU and her spouse's parents are in a separate BU.

**3.** PG Woman And/Or
 Spouse Have Other
 Children
 When the married PG woman and/or her spouse are age 21 or older, or are under age 21 but do not live with either's parent(s), and have other children in the household who are not their children-in-common, the BU consists of the pregnant woman, her unborn child(ren) and her spouse. Her child(ren) is in a separate BU and his child(ren) is in a separate BU.

B. Example— Married PG Woman Over Age 21, Other Children In Household **EXAMPLE #16:** A Medicaid application is filed for a pregnant woman and everyone in her family. She lives with her husband who is not aged, blind, or disabled, her 10-year old child by a former marriage, and his 15year old child from a former marriage. They have no resources. The family unit's income exceeds the MI pregnant woman income limit for 5 persons, the MI child income limit for 4 persons, and the LIFC 185% standard of need for 4 persons, so BUs are formed because there is a stepparent in the household. Three BUs exist:

- BU #1 = the pregnant woman, her unborn child, and her
- husband (3);
- BU #2 = her husband's 15-year old child (1);

• BU #3 = her 10-year old child (1).

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C. Example— Married PG Woman Under Age 21, Living With Spouse's Parents **EXAMPLE #17:** A minor pregnant woman age 19 lives with her husband who is age 19, her 2-year old child by a former relationship, and his parents (6 persons). Budget units are formed because there are a stepparent and a minor spouse in the household. Four budget units exist:

- #1 = the pregnant woman and her unborn child (2);
- #2 = her 2-year old child (1);
- #3 = her husband (1);
- #4 = his parents (2).

# M0520.603 UNMARRIED MINOR PG WOMAN BUDGET UNIT

When the Medicaid minor (under age 21 years old) pregnant woman is not A. Policy married, the budget unit consists of the Medicaid minor pregnant woman and her unborn child (or children if medically verified) and the minor pregnant woman's child(ren) who live with her, unless she lives with her parent(s), or her child(ren) has resources or income of his/her own. If the unmarried Medicaid minor pregnant woman lives with her parent(s), the budget unit consists of the Medicaid minor pregnant woman and her unborn child (or children if medically verified) and the Medicaid minor pregnant woman's parent(s). Her child(ren) are in a separate budget unit. 1. Her If the Medicaid minor pregnant woman's parent is married and the spouse lives in the household, the Medicaid minor pregnant woman's parent is **Stepparent In** Household NOT included in the budget unit with her. A portion of her parent's own resources and income is deemed to the Medicaid minor pregnant woman. 2. Siblings In If the Medicaid minor pregnant woman has a minor (under age 21) Household sibling(s) in the household who is listed on the application form, that sibling is included in the unit with her parent(s) unless the sibling(s) has his/her own resources or income, or • a stepparent or acknowledged father lives in the home. • If the sibling(s) has resources or income, the parent(s) must be advised of the opportunity to exclude that sibling from the family unit. 3. Medicaid If the Medicaid minor pregnant woman lives with her parents and also has Minor PG a child(ren) of her own living with her for whom Medicaid is requested, Woman Is she is also a Medicaid minor caretaker. Her child(ren) is in a separate Also Medicaid budget unit. The pregnant woman is in a separate budget unit with her parent(s) and minor siblings who live at home, if the Medicaid minor PG Minor woman and her siblings have no income or resources of their own. If the Caretaker

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Medicaid minor PG woman has resources or income of her own, she is in a separate BU and a portion of the pregnant woman's own income and resources is deemed available to her child(ren).

 B. Example— Unmarried Medicaid Minor PG Woman
 EXAMPLE #18: A Medicaid minor pregnant woman lives with her 2year old child, her parents, and her 16 year old brother. The pregnant woman's family unit consists of the Medicaid minor pregnant woman, her unborn child, her 2 year old child, her parents and her brother. She has income from part-time work. The family unit is broken into budget units because the Medicaid minor PG woman has her own income and she is a minor parent living with her parents. Three budget units exist:

- budget unit #1 = the Medicaid minor PG woman (2);
- budget unit #2 = her 2 year old child (1);
- budget unit #3 = the parents, her 16 year-old brother (3).

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# M0520.700 INDIVIDUAL UNDER AGE 21 FAMILY UNIT

A. Policy	The family unit of an individual who meets the covered group of MN Individuals Under Age 21 (who are in foster care, adoption assistance or in ICF/ICF-MR care) is determined using the family unit rules in M0520.100 above when the individual lives with a parent or spouse. If the individual does not live with a parent or spouse, the individual is in a family unit by himself.
	If the individual under age 21 is living away from home, see M0520.001 B.3. to determine if the individual is considered living with his parents.
B. Procedure	The following sections contain the policy and procedures to use when determining the family/budget unit of an individual under age 21:
	<ul> <li>M0520.701 Foster Care Child Family Unit;</li> <li>M0520.702 Non IV-E Adoption Assistance Family Unit;</li> <li>M0520.703 Special Medical Needs Adoption Assistance Child Family Unit;</li> <li>M0520.704 Child In ICF or ICF-MR.</li> </ul>
M0520.701 FOSTER	CARE CHILD FAMILY UNIT
A. Policy	A foster care child who is not living with his/her parents is a family unit of one person. A child in foster care who is not living with his or her parent(s) is evaluated as a separate family unit, even if the child is living with his or her own siblings in foster care. When a child is removed from his home and placed in foster care, the child becomes a family unit of 1 person effective the date of the commitment or entrustment to, or non- custodial agreement with the agency.
1. Child Living With Parents	If the foster child is living with his or her parents and/or siblings NOT on a trial visit basis, the foster care child is included in the family unit with his/her parents and siblings.
	If the child's family unit has resources or income which exceeds the limit for the child's covered group, determine if the family unit can be broken into BUs. The foster care child is included in a BU with his/her parents UNLESS:
	• the child has his/her own resources;
	• the child has his/her own income;
	• the child's stepparent is in the family unit;
	• the child's parent with whom he/she lives is a minor (under age 21) and they live with the minor parent's parent(s);

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		• the child(ren)'s acknow not married to the child	•	ves in the hous	sehold and is
2.	Child Placed In Own Home For Trial Visit	A foster care child who is placed siblings <b>for a trial visit</b> is a fam resources and income are NOT Verify the trial visit with the age	nily unit of 1 per deemed availab	son. The pare le to the foster	ent(s)'
		The trial visit is no longer than 6 child will continue to be a single the child's income and resource Medicaid eligibility.	e person BU dui	ring a trial visi	it and only
3.	Foster Care Payment Is Excluded	The foster care payment is exclu financial eligibility.	uded when deter	mining the fai	mily unit's
	xamples Trial Visit	<b>EXAMPLE #19:</b> The agency s age 10, with his family for a tria care payment from the agency. child, his mother and father, his brother. The household consists	l visit. The chil The household 13-year old sist	ld does not rec consists of the er, and his 22-	eive a foster foster care
		<ul> <li>family unit #1 = foster of</li> <li>family unit #2 = foster of</li> </ul>	care child (1);		ld sister (3).
2.	Home Placement, Not Trial Visit	<b>EXAMPLE #20:</b> The agency s age 10, with his family. This is custody of the child. The child from the agency. The household mother and father, his 13-year o household consists of one family his 13-year old sister (4).	NOT a trial visit does not receive d consists of the ld sister, and his	it, but the ager a foster care foster care ch s 22-year old b	ncy retains payment hild, his prother. The
M05	20.702 NON IV-	E ADOPTION ASSISTAN	NCE CHILI	D FAMILY	Y UNIT
A. Po	olicy	A non IV-E adoption assistance is a family unit of one person.	child who is no	t living with h	iis/her parents
1.	Child Living With Parent(s)	A non IV-E adoption assistance parent(s) is evaluated as a separ- interlocutory or final order of ac	ate family unit f	rom placemer	nt until the

interlocutory or final order of adoption, whichever comes first. The adoptive parents' resources and income are NOT deemed available to the adoption

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assistance child until the interlocutory or final order of adoption, whichever comes first, is entered.

After the interlocutory or final order of adoption, whichever comes first, a non IV-E adoption assistance child who is living with his or her parent(s) is included in a the family unit with his/her parent(s). If the family unit has resources (F&C MN only) or income which exceeds the limit for the child's covered group, determine if the family unit can be broken into BUs. The non IV-E adoption assistance child is included in a BU with his/her parents UNLESS:

- the child has his/her own resources:
- the child has his/her own income; •
- the child's stepparent is in the family unit.

The adoption subsidy payment is excluded when determining the unit's financial eligibility.

**EXAMPLE #21:** Mary B. is a 19-year old non IV-E foster care child who is in the custody of the local social services agency. On August 5, 1997, she is placed with Mr. and Mrs. G who plan to adopt her. The adoption assistance agreement was signed on August 5, 1997. There is no interlocutory order and the final order will not be signed until February 1998. Mr. and Mrs. G have two children. Tom who is age 17 and Jane who is age 15. Mary receives \$575 per month SSA benefits from her deceased father's work record. Mr. G earns \$3,000 per month gross earnings. Mrs. G has no income of her own. Mary's continued Medicaid eligibility is determined:

Mary's family unit consists of Mary by herself because she does not live with any responsible relative. The final order of adoption will not be signed until February 1998. Beginning with the month following the month in which the final adoption order is signed. Mary will be in a family unit with her adoptive parents and siblings.

C. Example—Child EXAMPLE #22: John is a 20-year old non IV-E adoption assistance child who is in the custody of the local social services agency until August 5. Living With 1997, when the final order of adoption was signed by the judge. His **Adoptive Parents** adoptive parents are Mr. and Mrs. T. The adoption assistance agreement was signed on September 15, 1996. Mr. and Mrs. T have two other children, George who is age 17 and Julie who is age 15. John receives \$250 per month adoption subsidy. Mr. T earns \$3,000 per month gross earnings. Mrs. T has no income of her own. John's continued Medicaid eligibility for September 1997 and subsequent months is determined:

> John's family unit consists of himself, his adoptive parents and his two siblings, a family unit of 5 persons.

2. Exclude Adoption Subsidy Payment

**B.** Example – Child Placed With **Adoptive Parents** 

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# M0520.703 SPECIAL MEDICAL NEEDS ADOPTION ASSISTANCE CHILD FAMILY UNIT

- A. Policy A non IV-E special medical needs adoption assistance child who is living with his or her parent(s) is evaluated as a separate family unit. The adoptive parents' income is NOT deemed available to the special medical needs adoption assistance child at any time.
- **B. Exclude Adoption** Subsidy Payment The adoption subsidy payment is excluded when determining the child's financial eligibility.

# M0520.704 CHILD IN ICF OR ICF-MR FAMILY UNIT

A. Policy When an individual under age 21 is in an intermediate care facility (ICF) (nursing facility) or ICF-MR (intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded) for 30 consecutive days or more, the child is institutionalized and is considered separated from his/her parents.

Child in medical institutions (facilities) are temporarily absent from home if their stay in the medical facility is less than 30 consecutive days. If the stay has been, or is expected to be, 30 or more consecutive days, go to section M1410.010 to determine if the child is institutionalized in long- term care. A child who is institutionalized in a medical facility or Medicaid waiver services is NOT considered living with his or her parents for Medicaid eligibility purposes.

The child is a family unit of one person, regardless of the child's covered group. The parents' resources and income are **not** deemed available to the child. If the parents give the child any money, that money is counted as income according to the F&C income rules in chapter M07.

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DMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA EPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICES EDICAID PROGRAM EDICAID F&C RESOURCE/INCOME DEEMING WORKSHEE	Т			
ASE NAME: CA	SE NUMBER:			
EEMOR'S NAME: DA	TE:			
<b><u>RESOURCE DEEMING</u></b> Reminders:	Step 1	INCOME DE	EMING	
Deem resources when evaluating LIFC or MN eligibility. Count only the pro-rata share when	Deemor's Gross (Parent 1 or App	<u>s Earned Income</u> plicant's Spouse)	\$	(
appropriate.	Minus Standard	Work Exclusion		90.00 (2
Deemor's Countable Resources:	Sub-total Minus Other Exc	-1:		(3
Cash \$	Sub-total	clusions		4 5
Charling Account(a)	Add Unearned In	ncome		6
<b>.</b>	Countable Incon		\$	0
Savings Account(s)		oplicant's Spouse		(
Other Liquid Resources	Deemor's Gross (Parent 2)	s Earned Income	\$	(
Vehicles - excess value (1 is totally excluded in MN)	Minus Standard	Work Exclusion		90.00 (
· · ·	Sub-total		-	(10
Real Property	Minus Other Exc	clusions		(11
Other Non-Liquid Resources	Sub-total			(1
TOTAL COUNTABLE RESOURCES =	Add Unearned In Parent 2 Countal			(13
\$		TABLE INCOME		(14)
Minus Resource Deeming Standard -	(Line $7 + Line 1$ )	4)		
\$1,000 or \$500 (Use when parents are in the same BU and have a child in common, and at least one parent is deeming to a child who is not the spouse's child.)	Determine the standard is the the number of deer are or could be deemor's feder	Income Deemin F&C 100% More bersons in the de ors excluded c claimed as tax c al tax income re	g Standard ithly Inco emor's B hildren in lependent turn. Tota	1. The deemin me Limit for U plus the the home who son the al # of people
spouse's emili.)		income deeming		
	(Use when p child in com	income deeming sta parents are in the sam mon, and at least on ho is not the spouse	me BU and and ne parent is	have a deeming
	Income Deeming	g Standard		(10
	Step 3 Total Countable	Income (line 15)		\$(17
	Minus Income D	eeming Standard	(line 16)	(18
DEEMABLE RESOURCES \$	deemor(s) to ind	support paid by the ividuals not in the	e home	(19
DETERMINING AMOUNT OF RESOURCE	DEEMABLE			\$ (20

 DEEMABLE RESOURCES \$\_\_\_\_\_\_
 divided by \_\_\_\_\_\_
 = \$\_\_\_\_\_\_<</td>
 Resources deemed to each person

 DEEMABLE INCOME \$\_\_\_\_\_\_
 divided by \_\_\_\_\_\_
 = \$\_\_\_\_\_\_
 Income deemed to each person

032-03-813

# CHAPTER M05 MEDICAID ASSISTANCE UNIT SUBCHAPTER 30

# M0530 Changes

Changed With	Effective Date	Pages Changed
TN #DMAS-26	1/1/23	Appendix 1, page 1
TN #DMAS-22	1/1/22	Appendix 1, page 1
TN #DMAS-18	1/1/21	Appendix 1, page 1
TN #DMAS-15	1/1/20	Appendix 1, page 1
TN #DMAS-11	1/1/19	Appendix 1, page 1
TN #DMAS-8	4/1/18	Appendix 1, page 1
TN #DMAS-6	10/1/17	Pages 2, 24, 30
TN #DMAS-3	1/1/17	Appendix 1, page 1
TN #DMAS-2	10/1/16	Pages 23, 24
TN #DMAS-1	6/1/16	Appendix 1, page 1
TN #100	5/1/15	Pages 14, 16, 29, 30
		Appendix 1, page 1
TN #99	1/1/14	Appendix 1, page 1
UP #9	4/1/13	Appendix 1, page 1
UP #6	4/1/12	Appendix 1, page 1
Update (UP) #5	7/1/11	Page 14
TN #95	3/1/11	Page 1
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TN #93	1/1/10	Pages 11, 19
		Appendix 1, page 1

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# M0530.000 ABD ASSISTANCE UNIT

# M0530.001 OVERVIEW

А.	Introduction	This subchapter contains the policy and procedures for determining the assistance unit for a non institutionalized individual who meets an aged, blind or disabled (ABD) covered group. Do not use this subchapter for an institutionalized individual; use subchapter M1460 to determine an institutionalized individual's financial eligibility.
		The number of persons in the assistance unit and the individual's covered group determine which resource and income limits apply. The deeming policy and procedures in this subchapter explain how to determine how much of a legally responsible relative's resources and income is deemed to the ABD individual.
		Appendix 1 to this chapter lists the deeming allocations used when deeming income of a legally responsible relative.
B.	Assistance Unit Composition	When determining composition of the ABD assistance unit, identify the individual who applies for Medicaid, who meets the aged, blind or disabled definition in M0510 and who meets an ABD covered group's requirements.
	1. Responsible Relatives	a. Spouse
	Relatives	The unit must include the individual's spouse with whom the individual lives when the spouse applies for Medicaid and meets the aged, blind or disabled definition in M0510, regardless of whether the spouse receives an SSI or IV-E foster care/adoption subsidy payment.
		b. Parent of Blind/Disabled Child Under Age 21
		The parent(s) with whom the blind or disabled child under age 21 lives is legally responsible to support the child. However, the parent is not included in the child's assistance unit. The parent's resources and income are deemed available to the child.
	2. SSI Recipients	The policy in this subchapter applies when determining the <b>resource</b> eligibility of individual SSI recipients or of couples when both spouses receive SSI and one or both owns an interest in real property contiguous to the home or undivided interest in heir property, or a former residence.
		If the SSI recipient is ineligible for Medicaid in the SSI Medicaid covered group due to excess resources, first determine the individual's eligibility in an F&C covered group, if possible, using the F&C assistance unit and financial eligibility rules. If the individual is not eligible in one of the F&C covered groups, then determine his eligibility as an ABD individual.
		This subchapter does <b>not</b> apply to the <b>income eligibility</b> determination of an SSI recipient because an SSI recipient meets the Medicaid income eligibility requirements just by the fact that he/she receives an SSI payment.

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	3.	Living With Family and Children	If the ABD individual lives with his/ who request Medicaid in a families a this subchapter applies only to the Al policy in M0520 and the financial red	her spouse and/ nd children cov BD individual.	or dependent c ered group, the Use the assista	hild(ren) e policy in ance unit
	4.	Living Arrangement	the family members who meet an F&C covered group. An ABD individual's, couple's or child's living arrangement on the first day of the month is used to determine the individual's status for the entire month. If they are living together (or child is living with parent) on the first of the month, they are living together for the entire month except when separation			ire month. It of the eparation
	_	<b>T</b>	due to institutionalization occurs with on the first of the month, they are con When an individual is admitted to an residential facility, he is considered s spouse (or parent if the individual is following the admission month.	nsidered separat assisted living separated and liv under age 21) as	ed for the entin facility (ALF) ving apart from s of the first of	re month. or other his the month
	5.	Institutional- ization	When an individual is institutionalized separated and living apart from his sp under age 21) as of the first day of the nursing facility or to Medicaid-appro services. He is considered separated he has been hospitalized in an acute of consecutive days.	pouse (or parent ie month in which oved community as of the first or care or rehabilit	if the individu ch he is admitte -based care wa f the month du ation hospital f	al is ed to a aiver ring which for 30
			Do <b>not</b> use this subchapter <i>for</i> an ins and procedures in chapter M14 to det <i>determine the eligibility of a non-inst</i> <i>institutionalized spouse</i> .	termine eligibili	ty. See M0530	0.204 F to
	6.	Deeming From Married Parent	When determining how much of the available to the child's unit, any incor- child's parent is not counted.	-		
C.		egnant Blind or sabled Woman	If the blind or disabled individual als first determine the woman's eligibilit group using the F&C assistance unit not eligible as an MI pregnant woma ABD individual.	ty in the MI Pre and financial el	gnant Woman igibility rules.	covered If she is
D.	-	enddown penses	If an ABD assistance unit is ineligibl assistance unit's member(s)'s medica spenddown. If an individual in the u the household who is not in the assist bills can count toward the unit's sper spouse's or parent's income is deeme parent's medical expenses are also de spenddown.	al expenses will nit is legally lial tance unit, the o nddown. If the a ed to the individ educted from the	count toward to ble for another ther person's n ABD individua ual, the spouse e ABD individ	the person in nedical al's e's or hual's
			A medical expense can only be used A child's medical expenses are first d child's unit spenddown is not met, the	leducted from th	ne child's unit.	-

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can be deducted from the parent's spenddown. If the child's unit's spenddown is met, then the child's medical expenses that were not used to meet the child's spenddown can be deducted from the parent's spenddown, if the medical expenses are not covered by Medicaid or other health insurance.

# M0530.002 DEFINITIONS

A.			are app		This section contains the definitions of terms used in this subchapter that are applicable to ABD individuals' assistance units and financial eligibility determinations.
B.	. Child		For ABD assistance unit composition purposes, a child is someone who is not married, is not the head of a household, and is either under age 18 or is under age 22 and a student. For ABD <b>deeming</b> purposes, a child is an individual under age 21.		
	1.	Blind/Disabled (BD) Child For Deeming Purposes	A blind/disabled (BD) child who is subject to deeming is a natural or adopted child under age 21, who lives in a household with one or both parents and who meets the blind or disabled definition in M0510. Deeming to the BD child no longer applies beginning the month following the month the child attains age 21. An individual attains a particular age on the day preceding the anniversary of his/her birth. Deeming applies in the month of attainment of age 21 regardless of whether an application is filed before or after the day of attainment.		
			For purposes of ABD deeming, a blind or disabled (BD) child who does NOT apply for Medicaid is still a BD child for deeming purposes and NO allocation is deducted for a BD child when calculating the NABD spouse's or parent's deemable income.		
	2.	Non Blind/Disabled (NBD) Child For Deeming Purposes	A non blind/disabled (NBD) child, for deeming purposes, means the natural or adopted child of an Medicaid-eligible individual or the individual's spouse, or the natural or adopted child of a parent or the parent's spouse, who		
		L.	• lives in the same household with the ABD individual or BD child,		
			• is <b>not</b> blind or disabled, and		
			• is under age 18, or under age <b>21</b> and a <b>student</b> regularly attending a school, college, or university, or a course of vocational training to prepare him for gainful employment.		
	3.	NBD Child Documenta- tion Requirements	If the parent does not provide the following documentation for an NBD child in the household, do NOT deduct an NBD child allocation for that NBD child from the parent=s income when calculating deemable income:		

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#### a. Age

Accept the allegation of an NBD child's age, absent evidence to the contrary.

# b. Relationship

Accept an individual's statement that a parent-child relationship exists in both initial application and redeterminations. If there is reason to question the allegation, verify relationship.

## c. School Attendance

		If an NBD child is alleged to have no earnings, accept the allegation of student status. If an NBD child under age 21 alleges student status and earnings, verify school attendance and document the file according to the instructions in M0530.002, item I, below. Do not redetermine student status unless a change in school attendance is alleged.
C.	Parent	For ABD deeming procedures, "parent" means the BD child's natural or adoptive parent who lives with the BD child. Deeming applies from a parent to a child when they live together in the same household.
		A stepparent is not considered a parent for ABD deeming purposes. Even if a natural or adoptive parent is deceased or is divorced from the stepparent, and the child is living with the stepparent, the stepparent is <b>not</b> a parent of the BD child for deeming purposes.
D.	Aged, Blind or Disabled (ABD) Spouse	For ABD deeming procedures, "ABD spouse" means the ABD individual's spouse who meets the aged, blind or disabled definition in M0510, and who applies for Medicaid.
E.	Non Aged, Blind or Disabled (NABD) Spouse	For ABD deeming procedures, "NABD spouse" means the ABD individual=s spouse who
	Spouse	• does not meet the aged, blind or disabled definition in M0510, or
		• who does not apply for Medicaid.
		Deeming applies from a spouse to a spouse when they live together in the same household.
F.	Allocation	An allocation is an amount deducted from income subject to deeming which is considered to be set aside for the support of certain individuals other than the ABD individual or BD child. The types and amounts of these allocations are described in this subchapter. Changes in allocations (e.g., due to birth or death, entering or leaving a household, no longer meeting the definition of a child) are effective with the month following the month of change.

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1. NBD Child Allocation	An allocation from an Parent's or s child living in the same household the difference between the SSI pay payment limit for one person.	. The amount o	f the allocation	is equal to
	The allocation amount increases at limit increases. <i>See Appendix 1 to</i>			
	The allocation for an NBD newbor the month of birth. An NBD child away at school if the child is under absent from the household. Alloca income for an NBD child in the ho the child attains age 18 or, if a stud	allocation is given and contained and contained and contained and contained and contained and the cont	ven for a child sidered to be t ouse's or a pare	who is emporarily ent's
	Each NBD child's allocation is red income, including child support pa however, that NBD children <b>do no</b> exclusion).	yments from an	absent parent.	(Note,
2. Parent Living Allowance	A living allowance is deducted fro parental income to a BD child. Th upon whether one or both parents allowance for one parent living wi payment limit for one person. The with the child in the household <i>is</i> t	the amount of the are living in the th the child in the cliving allowand	living allowar household. The household <i>is</i> ce for both pare	the SSI ents living
	The living allowance increases aut limit increases. <i>See Appendix 1 to</i>			
G. Household	A household is common living qua arrangements and circumstances a establishment. For the purposes of	s to create a sing	gle economic u	nit or
	• the ABD individual, th or either member of th		ny children of t	he couple
	• the BD child, the parent	nt(s), and other	children of the	parent(s).
	Deeming only applies in household only those individuals residing in the household for deeming purposes. A household for deeming purposes it	the household an An individual is	re a part of the not a member	of the

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period which is not a temporary absence as defined below in item I. (for example, military service or confinement in a public institution).

If a child is born in an institution (e.g., a hospital) the child is not a member of a household until the **month after the month** the child goes home. A child born at home is a member of the household the month of birth.

NOTE: Deeming does not apply when an ABD individual and NABD spouse are living in an institution even when they are sharing a room. Deeming **does** apply in noninstitutional care situations (e.g., adult foster care) if the ABD individual is placed with a deemor spouse or parent.

## H. Student Child A student child is an individual who

- is neither married nor head of a household,
- is under age 21 years, and
- regularly attends school or college or training designed to prepare him/her for a paying job.
- 1. RegularRegular attendance means that the individual takes one or more courses of<br/>study and attends classes
  - in a college or university for at least 8 hours a week under a semester or quarter system;
  - in grades 7-12 for at least 12 hours a week;
  - in a course of training designed to prepare him/her for a paying job for at least 15 hours a week if the course involves shop practice or 12 hours a week if the course does not involve shop practice. This type of training includes anti-poverty programs such as the Job Corps and government-supported courses in self-improvement; or
  - for less than the amount of time indicated above for reasons beyond the student's control, such as illness, if the circumstances justify the reduced credit load or attendance.

NOTE: Attendance at an elementary school does not satisfy the student child requirement.

# 2. Homebound An individual may be a student when he/she has to stay home because of a disability, and

- studies a course or courses given by a school (grades 7-12), college, university or government agency, or
- a home visitor or tutor from school directs the study or training.

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3.	3. Periods of Nonattend- ance	a. Vacation			
		An individual remains a stud- attends classes regularly just			•
		• tells the agency that he/sh school reopens; or	he intends to resume	attending re	gularly whe
		• actually does resume atte	ending regularly whe	n school reo	pens.
		b. Recommendation of Tea	acher or Counselor		
		A student=s counselor or tead of class for a short time durin him/her to continue study or student regularly attending so for a paying job if he/she is in	ng the course or betw training. Consider t chool, college, or tra	veen courses he individual	to enable l to be a
	• designed to prepare disabled people for work; or				
		• to prepare the individual who cannot work at ordin		cially set up f	for people
		c. Last Month of School			
		An individual is a student reg which he/she completes or st			
4.	4. Development	Develop school attendance for not blind or disabled and cou spouse-to-spouse deeming ca	ld be included in the	-	
		a. Basic Information			
		Obtain the following information:			
		• Name and address of the	school or institution	ı furnishing t	he training:
		• Name and telephone num if necessary; and	nber of the person to	contact for v	verification,
		• Information on the cours number of hours of attend	•		
		b. School Enrollment			
		Verify enrollment by:			
				1 , •,•	•

• examining a school record such as an ID card, tuition receipt, or other comparable evidence; or

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• contacting the school or agency, but only if the individual does not have the evidence.

Document the file with enrollment information. If you contact the school or agency, accept either a written statement from the contact or an oral statement recorded in the file.

#### c. Student's Allegation of Number of Hours of Attendance

Accept the student's allegation without requesting school certification of attendance, if the allegation of attendance meets the regular attendance requirements above. If the student alleges a reduced credit load or attendance due to circumstances beyond his or her control, obtain an explanation from the student and place it in the file.

#### d. Special Education

If a student indicates he/she is enrolled in special education for the disabled which does not satisfy the standard academic or vocational training requirements, develop to determine whether the course contains training to prepare him/her for a paying job.

#### e. Vocational or Technical Training

Absent evidence to the contrary, accept the school or agency's allegation that the course includes some formalized instruction.

- I. Temporary Absence For the purposes of deeming, a temporary absence exists when an individual (ABD individual or BD child, NABD spouse or parent, or NBD child) leaves the household but intends to, and does, return in the same month or the following month. If the absence is temporary, deeming continues to apply.
  - 1. Child Subject<br/>To Parental<br/>ControlA child who is away at school but returns home on some weekends,<br/>holidays, or vacations and is subject to parental control is considered<br/>temporarily absent from the parents' household, regardless of the duration<br/>of the absence. If a child is away at school and is not subject to parental<br/>control, he/she is not living in the parents' household.
  - 2. Operating Procedures A child who is away at school is one who is participating in an educational or vocational training program. The rule above only applies to a child who is away at an educational or vocational training facility.

When a child resides at a facility and the facility is not an educational or vocational training facility, the rule above does not apply. When a child resides in a facility and leaves the facility for brief visits to the parents' home, do not deem the parents' income and resources for any month if the absence from the facility is temporary. An individual is considered

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temporarily absent from a facility for deeming purposes if the absence is not intended to and does not exceed a full calendar month.

Certain evidence may indicate that a child away at school is not subject to parental control. Such evidence includes an existing agreement, a court order, or the signed statements of the parents and the school authorities. In the absence of such evidence, assume that a child is subject to parental control. Parental control is the authority of the parent(s) to make decisions on the child's behalf, whether or not the control is actually exercised.

# M0530.010 EXCLUDED RESOURCES

A. Policy Assets which are not resources to an ABD individual are not resources to an NABD spouse or NBD child (See S1120).

In addition to assets which are not resources, there are certain resources which are excluded from the resources of an individual whose resources are deemed to an applicant/recipient. These exclusions from resources used in the resource deeming calculation correspond to exclusions of an ABD individual's own resources.

# **B.** Related Policies

1. Resource<br/>DeterminationTo determine the NABD spouse's or parent's resources, see chapter S11.<br/>See S1120 for assets that are not, or may not be, resources. See S1130 for<br/>the list of resource exclusions. See S1140 for countable resources. See<br/>S0830.605 concerning Home Energy Assistance funds and Support and<br/>Maintenance Assistance funds that are retained beyond the month of<br/>receipt.

# 2. Pension a. Excluded Pension Funds

Pension funds owned by the NABD spouse or parent are excluded from deeming. Pension funds are defined as funds held in an individual retirement account (IRA) as described by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) code, or funds held in work-related pension plans (including such plans for self-employed individuals, sometimes referred to as Keough plans). However, amounts distributed from a pension fund to the NABD spouse or parent will count as income that can be deemed to the ABD spouse or BD child.

## b. Countable Pension Funds

IRA's, Keough plans, 401-K plans, and similar pension funds owned by the applicant/recipient and/or his/her ABD spouse or parent are **countable resources**, and amounts distributed from the funds are countable income, since these types of pension funds may be withdrawn by the owner.

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	c. Development Procedures				
	<ol> <li>If an NABD spouse or fund, accept the allegat</li> </ol>		ing money in	a pension	
	2) Develop interest incom M0830.500.	e from excluded p	ension funds	per	
	<ol> <li>If an NABD spouse or contributed to a pension conversion of a resour</li> </ol>	n fund, treat the w			
3. Other Resource Exclusions	All resource exclusions that apply to an ABD individual's resources apply to the combined resources of an ABD individual and an NABD spouse or parent who lives with him or her.				
4. Burial Fund Exclusion	For treatment of the burial fund exclusion, see M1130.410.				
5. Burial Space Exclusion					
M0530.020 EXCLU	DED INCOME				
A. Policy	Receipts which are not income NABD spouse or NBD child (S		lual are not in	come to an	
	In addition to items which are r are excluded from the income of to an applicant/recipient. Furth reduced by any of these exclud- used in the deeming calculation individual's own income AND example, one-third of child sup excluded for a BD child, but is income in the deeming calculat	of an individual whermore, an NBD ed items. These ex- a correspond to ex- include some addi port payments from NOT excluded from	nose income is child's allocat xclusions from clusions of an tional exclusion m an absent p	s deemed ion is not n income ABD ons. For arent is	
<b>B.</b> Excluded Income	The following types of income income of an NABD spouse or income are also excluded from household for purposes of redu	parent subject to c the income of an 1	leeming. Thes NBD child in	se types of	
1. Income Excluded In S08	Income excluded by policy in c income of an NABD spouse or	-	excluded fror	n the	
2. Grant, Scholarship or Fellowship	Exclude any portion of any gra to pay the cost of tuition and fe vocational technical training de employment.	es at an education	al institution o	or costs of	

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3. SNAP	Exclude the bonus value of <i>Supple</i> ( <i>SNAP</i> ) <i>benefits</i> ( <i>formerly</i> Food S foods.				
4. Support Paid	of Child Support Enforcement (De	Exclude any portion of the NABD individual's income paid to the Division of Child Support Enforcement (DCSE), court, ex-spouse, or child(ren) as court-ordered or DCSE-ordered support.			
		a. Ask whether any of the income received by the NABD spouse or parent is used to make any support payments. If such payments are alleged:			
	• Document the allegation t	hat such support	payments are made;		
	the amount of the paymen the payments. Exclude the State agreement, or the ac	• Request a copy of the court order or State agreement which shows the amount of the payments and the beginning and ending dates of the payments. Exclude the amount specified in the court order or State agreement, or the actual payment, <b>whichever is less</b> . A deemor's own records may be used to document the amount of support payments made.			
	NABD spouse or parent <b>befor</b> deemed. Deduct the amount of	b. Deduct the amount of the support payment from the income of the NABD spouse or parent <b>before</b> determining the amount of income to be deemed. Deduct the amount of such payments from the income of an NBD child (if the child <b>pays</b> support payments) before reducing the NBD child's allocation.			
		• Deduct the support amount first from the NABD spouse=s, parent=s or NBD child=s unearned income.			
	<ul> <li>Use any remaining balanc NABD spouse's, parent's</li> </ul>				
5. Student Earnings	Exclude income earned by an NBD child in the home who is a student (unless the child actually makes the income available to the family).				
	If an NBD child is a student (M0530.002 I.), the child's earned income up to \$400 a month but not more than \$1,620 per year does <b>not</b> reduce the allocation for the NBD child.				
	<ul> <li>a. If an NBD child has earnings, M0530.002 I.). If a child's stu earned income exclusion begin which the student status ended</li> </ul>	dent status ends, nning with the m	, stop applying the student		
	<ul><li>b. Verify the NBD child's wages</li><li>\$65 or less per month.</li></ul>	. Verify the wag	ges even if alleged to be		
	c. Allocate the student earned in or the first month the NBD ch				

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		the ABD individual becomes a calendar year. See S0820.5 exclusion.			
		d. The exclusion may be applie school if the requirements in			dance at
6.	Blind Work Expenses	Expenses of an NABD spouse, p working are used to reduce earned using the earnings to reduce the instructions on applying this exc	ed income before NBD child alloca	e it is deemed	l or before
7.	Impairment Related Work Expenses	The impairment-related work ex- deemor who meets the Medicaid the deemor's earned income prio deeming. See S0820.540 for ins IRWE.	disability defini r to considering	tion will be o the income a	leducted from vailable for
8.	In-Home Supportive Services Payments	Payments made by programs fun Act or other State funding source necessary to enable an individua her home are "in-home supportiv made either to the individual to p performing the services. The Ve allowance for medically qualified the aid and attendance of another is included in the pension or com widow(er).	es for in-home su l who needs thes ve services paym pay for the servic eterans Administ d veterans, wido r person. This ai	apportive ser e services to ents." The p es or to the p ration also pa ws, or widow d and attend	vices live in his or bayments are berson ays an vers in need of ance payment
		In-home supportive services (cho medical or social services and ar individual to pay for the services <b>income</b> to the individual who is	e not income wh s (S0815.050). H	en paid direction lowever, the	etly to an ABD payment <b>is</b>
		Payments provided under title X governmental programs to an AF his/her NABD spouse or NBD cl for in-home supportive (chore, a excluded from the NABD spouse deeming purposes. Such paymen parent or NBD child to provide t excluded from income for deemi	BD individual an hild living in the ttendant, homem e's, parent's or N nts, made directly he services to the	d <b>paid</b> by the same housed aker) service IBD child's i y to the NAH	e individual to hold in return es, are income for BD spouse or
		NOTE: If an NABD spouse or p payments for services pr spouse or BD child, the deeming.	ovided to anyon	e other than I	his/her ABD

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# M0530.100 UNMARRIED INDIVIDUAL (AGE 21 OR OLDER)

A. Policy	An unmarried ABD individual's assistance unit consists of one personthe individual. The individual's child(ren) living with him or her are NOT included in the ABD individual's assistance unit, nor is any of the individual's resources or income allocated for the child(ren) when determining countable resources and countable income.
B. Assistance Unit	Resources Determination - unit of one.
	Income Determination - unit of one.
M0530.200 MARR	IED INDIVIDUAL LIVING WITH SPOUSE
A. Introduction	A married individual living with his/her spouse is always an ABD couple assistance unit (2 persons) for the <b>resource</b> eligibility determination. For the <b>income</b> eligibility determination, a married individual living with his/her spouse is an ABD couple assistance unit (2 persons) when the NABD spouse has deemable income, or an assistance unit of 1 person when the NABD spouse has no deemable income.
	An aged, blind, or disabled individual or couple found guilty of Medicaid fraud by a court is ineligible for Medicaid benefits for a period of twelve months from conviction. If only one member of an aged, blind, or disabled couple is found guilty, the innocent spouse's eligibility is not affected. The assistance unit remains the same. The guilty spouse is ineligible for twelve months <i>(see M1700.200)</i> .
B. Procedure	For an ABD couple, see M0530.201.
	For an ABD individual with an NABD spouse, see M0530.202 and 203 below.

# M0530.201 ABD COUPLE ASSISTANCE UNIT

A. Policy This section contains the policy and procedures for determining an ABD couple's assistance unit.

When a married couple is living together and each individual in the couple meets the Aged, Blind or Disabled definition in M0510, AND each

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individual applies for Medicaid, their financial eligibility is determined as an ABD couple--an assistance unit of two persons (see M0530.201 below). If one spouse receives SSI, this spouse must be included in the unit with the spouse who does not receive SSI. The resources and income (other than the SSI payment) of the SSI recipient spouse must be considered available along with those of the spouse who does not receive SSI.

# EXCEPTION: When

- a member of the ABD couple is a Medicaid minor spouse (under age 21),
- the ABD couple lives with the minor spouse's parent(s), and
- the parent's(s') deemed resources or income makes the ABD couple ineligible,

recalculate each spouse's resource and income eligibility as a separate assistance unit (1 person in each). Deem the parent's(s') resources and income to the Medicaid minor spouse. Do NOT deem the spouses' resources and income to each other.

- B. Resource<br/>DeterminationDetermine the couple's countable resources according to chapter S11. NOTE:<br/>Some resources' values are calculated differently depending on the ABD<br/>covered group. If a spouse also has Medicare Part A, determine a resource's<br/>value using both the MN and Categorically Needy (CN) methods.
  - 1. Compare To Couple's
     Total the couple's countable resources and compare to the resource limit appropriate to each individual's covered group. The ABD resource limits are contained in M1110.003.
  - 2. Resources Meet Limit If the couple's resources are less than or equal to the resource limit, the couple meets the resource requirements for the covered group whose resource limit was met.
  - 3. Resources Exceed Limit If the couple's resources exceed the resource limit, the couple is not eligible for Medicaid in that covered group. If the couple's resources exceed both resource limits, the couple is not eligible for Medicaid in any ABD covered group. Deny Medicaid because of excess resources. If the wife is pregnant, determine her eligibility as a pregnant woman.

EXCEPTION: When

- a member of the ABD couple is a Medicaid minor spouse (under age 21),
- the ABD couple lives with the minor spouse's parent(s), and

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		• the parent's(s') de ineligible,	eemed resources m	akes the AB	D couple
		recalculate each spouse's reso unit (1 person in each). Deen minor spouse. Do NOT deen a spouse is resource-eligible a spouse's income eligibility as person); see M0530.100.	the parent's(s') re the spouses= reso after this recalculation	esources to the urces to each ion, determin	ne Medicaid n other. If ne the
C. Income Determination		Determine the couple's countable income according to chapter S08. Tota the couple's countable income.			
		NOTE: In calculating an ABI or deduct any amount		le income, <b>d</b>	o not alloca
1.	Compare To Income Limit	Compare the couple's total co persons appropriate to each in for the income limits.			
2.	Income Meets Limit	If the couple's income is less meets the income requiremen was met. See chapter M15 fo	ts for the covered g	group whose	
3.	Income Exceeds Limit	If the couple's income exceed for Medicaid in that covered g MN requirements and the MN eligible for a limited period o See <i>chapter M13</i> for spenddo determine her eligibility as a p	group. If the coupl I resource limit, the f MN coverage if the wn policy. If the v	e's resources e couple may hey meet a sj	s meet the become penddown.

### **D.** Examples

### 1. ABD Couple--EXAMPLE #2: (Using 1999 figures) **One Spouse** A husband and wife, each 67 years old, live together in a Group II **Receives SSI** locality. The wife receives SSA of \$391 and SSI of \$109 per month. The husband receives \$455 SSA and \$100 VA pension per month. Both have Medicare Part A and both apply for Medicaid. The husband and wife are an ABD assistance unit of two for Medicaid resource eligibility purposes. Their countable resources are within the Medicaid resource limit for 2 persons. The wife is income-eligible because she receives SSI. The husband's income eligibility is based on an assistance unit of two. All of the husband's income is counted; only the wife's SSA benefit is counted because SSI payments are excluded. The husband=s income eligibility is calculated:

- \$455 husband's SSA
- +100 husband's VA pension
- <u>+391</u> wife's SSA
  - 946 couple's unearned income
- <u>20</u> general income exclusion \$926 couple's countable income

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- \$ 920 couple's countable income
- 922 QMB income limit for 2
  - $\theta$  excess
- *\$ 920* couple's countable income
- <u>x 6</u> months
- \$5,520 6 month's income
- <u>- 1,850</u> Group II income limit for 2
- *\$3,670* excess

The couple's income is compared to the *CN limits* for two persons, since the husband has Medicare Part A, and to the MN income limit for two persons in Group II. Because the couple's income does not exceed the QMB limit for 2 persons, the husband is eligible for QMB Medicaid. The couple's countable income exceeds the MN limit for two; only the husband is placed on spenddown. The wife is eligible as a CN SSI recipient.

# 2. ABD Couple EXAMPLE #3: (Using 1999 figures)

With NBD Child Mr. and Mrs D live in a Group I locality with their 18 year-old daughter. Mr. D is 67 years old. Mrs. D is 58 years old and disabled, but she works part-time. Her impairment-related work expenses (IRWE) are \$50 per month. Mr. D receives SSA of \$475 per month and \$100 gross earnings per month. Mrs. D receives \$150 SSA and \$300 gross earnings per month. Their daughter has no income. Mr. and Mrs. D both have Medicare Part A and both apply for Medicaid. They are an assistance unit of two for Medicaid resource eligibility purposes. Their countable resources are within the Medicaid resource limit for 2 persons. Their income eligibility is calculated (NOTE: no allocation is subtracted for their NBD child because they are an ABD couple):

- \$475 Mr. D's SSA
- <u>+150</u> Mrs. D's SSA
- 625 couple's unearned income
- <u>20</u> general income exclusion
- \$605 couple's countable unearned income
- \$300 Mrs. D's gross earned income
- 50 Mrs. D's IRWE exclusion
- 250 Mrs. D's net earnings
- $\pm 100$  Mr. D's gross earned income
- 350 couple's gross earnings
- 65 exclusion
- 285
  - <u>2</u> 2 remainder earnings exclusion
- 142.50 couple's countable earned income
- +605.00 couple's countable unearned income
- \$747.50 couple's countable monthly income
- 922.00 QMB income limit for 2
  - 0 excess

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- \$747.50 couple's countable monthly income x = 6 months
- $\frac{x}{4485}$  6-month income
- <u>-1700</u> Group I limit for 2
- \$2785 excess

Because the couple's income is less than the QMB limit for 2 persons, they are eligible for QMB Medicaid. Their income exceeds the medically needy limit for two and they are placed on a spenddown.

# M0530.202 DEEMING RESOURCES FROM NABD SPOUSE

A.	Policy	When a married couple is living together BUT
		• only one spouse applies for Medicaid, or
		• only one spouse meets the Aged, Blind or Disabled definition in M0510,
		the individual spouse's resource eligibility is determined as a couplean ABD assistance unit of 2 persons, and the NABD spouse's resources are counted available to the ABD individual.
		The resources of one spouse are considered available to the other whether or not they are actually made available. Resource eligibility exists if the value of the couple's combined resources does not exceed the resource limit for two persons. The resources of an SSI recipient spouse must be counted available even if SSI recipient spouse does not apply for Medicaid.
		Verify and document the NABD spouse's resources as required for an ABD individual.
В.	Excluded Resources	When determining the NABD spouse's resources, do not include the resources listed in section M0530.010 above.
С.	Countable Resources	Total countable resources are the combination of the resources of the ABD individual and the NABD spouse after all applicable resource exclusions are applied.
		Total countable resources are compared to the resource limit for a couple. If the amount of the resources does not exceed the limit, the applicant/recipient meets the resource eligibility requirement. If countable resources exceed the limit, the applicant/recipient is ineligible because of excess resources.
D.	ExampleNo Resources Excluded	<b>EXAMPLE #4:</b> Mr. and Mrs. Daley live together. Mr. Daley, who is age 65, applies for Medicaid on February 4, 1997. His wife is under age 65 and neither blind nor disabled, nor does she meet any Medicaid

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	covered group. Mr. Daley has Daley has \$1,900 in a savings a \$500 which does not produce in	no resources o account and ov	f his own. H	lowever, Mrs
	The couple's countable resource		ws:	
	\$1,900 - Mrs. Daley's savin + 500 - Mrs. Daley's lot \$2,400 - couple's combined - 0 - applicable exclus \$2,400 - couple's countable - 3,000 - couple's resource 1 0 excess	l resources ions resources		
	Mr. Daley meets the resource e	ligibility requi	rements.	
<i>E.</i> ExampleSome Resources Excluded	<b>EXAMPLE #5:</b> Mr. and Mrs. disabled, applies for Medicaid meet a Medicaid covered group pension plan and states she has which she can withdraw at any two grave sites worth \$500 eac balance of \$ 1,000.	on October 2, b. She works f accumulated s time. Mr. and	1997. Mrs. S or a company \$5,000 in her Mrs. Sands	Sands does no y with a pension func jointly own
	The couple's resources are as for	ollows:		
	Excluded Resources: \$5,000 - pension fund <u>+ 1,000</u> - grave sites \$6,000 - excluded resource	25		
	Countable Resources: \$1,000 - joint bank account	;		
	\$1,000 - couple's countable <u>- 3,000</u> - couple's resource 0 excess			
	Mr. Sands meets the resource e	ligibility requi	rements.	
F. ExampleSome Resources Excluded Individual is Ineligible	<b>EXAMPLE #6:</b> Mr. Smith, w on October 15, 1997. He lives nor disabled, nor does she meet the following resources: a join savings bonds (in both their nar one with a current market and e a current market value and equi Smith owns a plot of land whic value of \$2,000. Mr. Smith ow with a face value of \$5,000 and	with his wife with a Medicaid control of the checking accomes) worth \$4 equity value of \$3 h produces no rns a life insuration.	who is age 62 overed group ount of \$250 00, and two a \$6,000, and ,000. In addi income and 1 ance policy o	2, neither blin . They have ; United State automobiles the other wit ition, Mrs. has an equity n his own life

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Mrs. Smith owns a life insurance policy on her life with a face value of \$1,000 and a CSV of \$900.

Excluded Resources:

- \$6,000 one automobile
- + 900 CSV of life insurance of Mrs. Smith with face value not over \$1,500
- \$ 6,900 excluded resources.

Countable Resources:

- \$ 250 joint checking account
- 400 savings bonds
- 3,000 second automobile
- 2,000 Mrs. Smith's real estate
- $\pm 897$  CSV of Mr. Smith's life insurance (face value > \$1,500)
- \$6,547 couple's countable resources
- -3,000 couple's resource limit
- \$3,547 excess resources

Mr. Smith is ineligible because of excess resources.

# M0530.203 DEEMING INCOME FROM NABD SPOUSE

A. Policy	When a married couple is living together BUT
	• only one spouse applies for Medicaid, or
	• only one spouse meets the Aged, Blind or Disabled definition in M0510,
	the individual's income eligibility is determined as an individualan ABD assistance unit of one personif the NABD spouse has no deemable income. If the NABD spouse has deemable income, the individual=s income eligibility is determined as an ABD couple. The NABD spouse=s income is deemed available to the ABD individual applicant UNLESS the NABD spouse receives SSI or other income based on need.
	The income of the NABD spouse, after applying the applicable deeming procedures in this section, is considered to be the ABD individual's own unearned income, and is called deemed income. This deemed income is added to the individual's own earned and unearned income in order to determine the individual's income eligibility.
B. Do Not Deem If Spouse Receives Benefits Based Or Individual Need	If the NABD spouse receives assistance or a benefit paid by a government agency which is based on economic need, none of the NABD spouse's income is deemed available to the applicant/recipient. Government benefits based on need include SSI, TANF, Veterans Administration pensions, General Relief payments, etc., but do not include <i>SNAP</i> ,

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		fuel assistance, or any benefit ba the NABD spouse does not rece on need, the spouse's income is	vive a governme	ent benefit w	
		The government benefits based under:	on need are the	ose payments	made
1.	TANF	Title IV-A of the Social Security Families with Children (TANF)	· ·	ary Assistanc	e to Needy
2.	SSI and AG	Title XVI of the Social Security (SSI), including Virginia's Aux administered mandatory suppler	ciliary Grants p		
3.	Refugee Assistance	The Refugee Act of 1980 (those	e payments base	ed on need);	
4.	Disaster Relief	The Disaster Relief Act of 1974	;		
5.	BIA Assistance	General assistance programs of	the Bureau of I	ndian Affair	8;
6.	State or Local Assistance	State or local government assist	ance programs	based on nee	d; and
7.	VA Assistance Based On Need	U.S. Veterans Administration pr	rograms (those	payments ba	sed on need).
C. Ex	cluded Income	When determining the NABD splitter listed in section M0530.020 abo		, do not inclu	de the incom
D. De	eming Process	When an NABD spouse lives in individual, these deeming rules			
		• Determine the NABD synthem month;	pouse's earned	and unearne	d income in
		• Deduct an allocation for below);	r each NBD chi	ild in the hou	sehold (item
		• Compare the remainder	to the deeming	g standard (ite	em F below).
		First, determine the NABD spot income in the month.	use's countable	earned and u	inearned
	btract NBD ild Allocation	Deduct an allocation for each N deducted. <b>Exception:</b> no allocate receiving public assistance main	ation is given fo	or any childr	en who are

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1.	NBD Child Allocation	The allocation for each NBD ch payment limit for two persons a			
		The allocation amount automati increase. <i>See Appendix 1 to this</i>	•		
2.	Reduce NBD Child Allocation	Each NBD child's allocation is a income. The items listed in sec income to the NBD child for pu	tion M0530.020	) above are no	ot included as
		If any NBD children in the hous child's income. However, when of the NBD child allocation amo apply for that NBD child), docu verify the income. Document a child living in the household ha child's income unless a change change has occurred.	the alleged incount (i.e., no Numerit the allega n allegation in t s no income. D	come exceeds BD child allo tion in the fil- the file when to not redevel	the amount cation will e but do not any NBD op the NBD
3.	Subtract NBD Child Allocation Amount	Subtract the allocations for NBI unearned income. If the NABI income to cover the allocations, the NABD spouse's earned inco	D spouse does r , the allocation	not have enou	gh unearned
Dee	mpare mainder To eming ndard	Compare the NABD spouse's re (the difference between the SSI SSI payment limit for one perso <i>current amount</i> .	payment limit	for two person	ns and the
	sult (To Deem Not To Deem)				
1.	Less Than or Equal To Deeming Standard	If the NABD spouse's remainin deeming standard, there is no in this situation, the ABD individu and subtracted from the appropri determine eligibility. See S081	come to deem t al's own counta riate income lim	to the ABD in able income is nit for one per	dividual. In determined
2.	More Than Deeming Standard	If the remaining income of the I standard, the ABD individual an couple, using the procedures in	nd the NABD sj	pouse are trea	ited as a
		NOTE: The \$20 general exclusion individual's income at the second		n deducted fro	om the ABD
H. Cou Cal	uple lculation	The ABD individual and the NA the following procedures:	ABD spouse are	e treated as a c	couple using

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				111000		
	1.	Combine Income	Combine the amount of the NABD spouse's unearned income remaining after NBD child allocation(s) with the ABD individual's own unearned income. Combine the amount of the NABD spouse's earned income remaining after NBD child allocation(s) with the ABD individual's earne income.			
	2.	Subtract Exclusions	Subtract the appropriate income	exclusions from	the remaining	ς income:
			• the first \$20 of the coupl unearned income in a me exclusion is applied to the	onth, any remain	ning portion of	f the \$20
			• \$65 of the couple's earned remaining earned incom-		nonth, and one	e-half of
			The result is the couple's month MN eligibility, multiply the coup			
	3.	Compare To Income Limit	Compare the couple's countable persons appropriate to the ABD M0810.002 for the income limits	individual's cov		
	4.	Income Meets Limit	If the couple's countable income the ABD individual meets the in whose income limit was met. So policy.	come requireme	ents for the cov	vered group
	5.	Income Exceeds Limit	If the couple's countable income individual is not eligible for Mec couple's resources meet the MN the ABD individual may become coverage if he/she meets a spend policy.	licaid in that cov requirements an e eligible for a li	vered group. I nd the MN resemited period of	If the ource limit, of MN
I.	Ex	amples	The examples below illustrate ap deeming rules in the ABD incon	•	· ·	ouse
	1.	No Deemed Income After NBD Child Allocation	EXAMPLE #7: (Using January Ms. Wilson, an aged individual, ap NABD spouse Mr. Wilson and the II. Their resources are within the r monthly benefit (unearned income Mike receives \$20 monthly unearn monthly SSA. She has Medicare F with income deemed from her NAT \$257 NBD child allocation - 20 Mike' income 237 NBD child allocation	pplied for Medic ir 20 year old N esource limit. M ) per month. He ed income. Ms Part A. Her assis BD spouse. The on amount	BD child, Mik Mr. Wilson rec has no earned Wilson's inco stance unit is o	te, in Group ceives a \$80 d income. ome is <i>\$800</i> one person

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- \$ 80 Mr. Wilson's unearned income
- 237 NBD child allocation
- 157 remainder NBD child allocation
- + 0 Mr. Wilson's earned income
- \$ 0 NBD spouse's total income after allocation

Since Mr. Wilson has no remaining income, and \$0 is less than the \$257 deeming standard, no income is deemed to Mrs. Wilson. Instead, only her own countable income is compared to the MN, QMB, SLMB *and QI* income limits for one person to determine whether she is eligible. Mrs. Wilson's own countable income is \$780, which exceeds the MN and the QMB income limit for one person. However, it is within the SLMB income limit. She is eligible for SLMB coverage beginning *January 1*, 2000. She is also placed on a spenddown of \$3,180 (\$780 x 6 months = 4,680 - 1500 = \$3180) for the period *January 1* through *June 30*.

# 2. Spouse Has EXAMPLE #8: (Using January 2000 figures)

Mr. Jack Ingalls, a disabled individual, applies for Medicaid. He lives with his NABD spouse and NBD 19 year old child, Cathy, in a Group I locality.
Mr. And Mrs. Ingalls' resources are within the resource limit. Mr. Ingalls receives \$100 unearned income monthly; he does not have Medicare Part A. Cathy has no income. Mrs. Ingalls has earned income of \$450 a month and unearned income of \$285 a month. Mr. Ingalls' assistance unit is one person with income deemed from his NABD spouse. The deeming calculation is:

- \$285 Mrs. Ingalls' unearned income
- -257 NBD child allocation
- 28 remainder unearned income
- <u>+450</u> Mrs. Ingalls' earned income
- *\$478* NBD spouse's total income after allocation

Mrs. Ingalls' total income is more than the *\$257* deeming standard. Therefore, Mrs. Ingalls' income is deemed to Mr. Ingalls by combining Mrs. Ingalls' income after allocation with Mr. Ingalls' income to determine his MN eligibility:

- \$285 Mrs. Ingalls' unearned income
- -257 NBD child allocation
- 28 remainder unearned income
- $\pm 100$  Mr. Ingalls' unearned income
- 128 combined unearned income
- <u>- 20</u> general income exclusion
- 108 couple's countable unearned income
- \$450 Mrs. Ingalls' earned income
- + 0 Mr. Ingalls' earned income
- 450 couple's earned income
- 65 earned income exclusion
  - 385

Earned and Unearned Income After Allocation

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	W10550.000 A	DD ASSISTANCE UNIT	IVIU55	0.204	24
		$385$ $\div 2  1/2 \text{ remainder ea}$ $192.50  \text{couple's countab}$ $\pm 108.00  \text{couple's countab}$ $300.50  \text{couple's total co}$ $x  6  \text{months}$ $1,803.00  \text{countable month}$ $\pm 1,700.00  \text{income limit 2 in}$ $\$  103.00  \text{excess}$	le earned income ble unearned incor buntable monthly i lly income	ne	
		The couple's countable monthly income limit for a couple. Mr. In for the 6-month period January 1	ngalls is placed on		
3.	Both ABD Individual and NABD Spouse Have Income Individual Is Eligible	<b>EXAMPLE #9: (Using January 2000 figures)</b> Harold Bergman, a disabled individual, applies for Medicaid. He l Group III with his NABD spouse, who earns \$259 per month. The children. Mr. Bergman receives a pension (unearned income) of \$2 month and earns \$100 gross per month. He does not have Medicar The couple's resources are within the Medicaid limit. Because Mrs Bergman's income exceeds the deeming standard of \$257, Mrs. Be income is deemed to Mr. Bergman by combining Mrs. Bergman's i with Mr. Bergman's income to calculate his MN eligibility:			
		\$165.00Mr. Bergman's+0Mrs. Bergman's\$165.00couple's unear-20.00general income\$145.00couple's count	s unearned incom ned income e exclusion	e	
		-	s earned income d income exclusion earned income exc	ne	
		\$292.00 couple's total of x = 6 months \$1752.00 countable inco <u>- 2400.00</u> income limit for 0 excess		v income	

so Mr. Bergman is eligible for Medicaid as medically needy beginning January 1.

# M0530.204 CHANGES IN STATUS--MARRIED COUPLES

A. Introduction

Several events can change deeming status *for applicants and enrollees*. All such changes affect deeming the month after the month in which the change

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		occurs, except as described below. when there is a change of status.	This section co	ntains the rul	es that appl
		NOTE: These status changes are effect the month the change moves out of the household child beginning with June 2	occurs. For exa d in May, no all	umple, if an N ocation is giv	BD child ven for that
B.	NABD Spouse Becomes ABD	If an NABD spouse becomes an Al treated as an ABD couple effective ABD spouse. Eligibility is based o	with the month	the spouse b	becomes an
C.	Individual Begins Living With an NABD Spouse	If an ABD individual begins living NABD spouse's income begins eff they begin living together.			
D.	NABD Spouse Dies	If an NABD spouse dies, deeming eligibility effective with the month			
E.	Spouses Separate or DivorceNot Due To Institutionaliza- tion	If an NABD spouse and ABD spou divorce, the NABD spouse's incom eligibility effective with the month In the month following the month i individual is an assistance unit of o separated spouse.	e is no longer d after the month n which separat	leemed to det a of separation tion occurred	ermine n or divorce , the ABD
		NOTE: If an application is filed in deeming applies that month after the date of separation	h even if the app		
	1. Both Meet ABD Group and Both Apply	Financial eligibility is determined a persons) through the month in which one starting the month <b>after</b> the mo	ch the couple se	parated. Eac	h is a unit o
	2. Only One Spouse Meets ABD Group or Applies	The ABD applicant spouse is an as spouse has no deemable income. O deem income to the ABD applicant separated. Starting the month after any resources or deem any income	Count the NABI t only in the mo the month of se	D spouse=s re nth in which eparation, do	esources an the couple
F.	One Spouse Becomes Institutionalized	If an ABD individual becomes inst or in Medicaid CBC waiver service determining eligibility for the instit month in which the individual is in purposes of determining eligibility month <b>following</b> the month of sepa	es, deeming stop autionalized spo stitutionalized. for the commun	os for purpose use effective Deeming sto nity spouse effective	es of with the fin ops for ffective the

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		M0550.000 ADI	DASSISTANCE UNIT	M1055	0.204	20
	1.	Both Meet ABD Group	a. The Non Institutionalized S	Spouse		
		and Apply	When determining the non instit non institutionalized spouse is an the first day of the month <b>follow</b> institutionalized. Do not deem to income to the non institutionaliz the month of separation.	n assistance unit <b>ing</b> the month in he institutionalize	t of one person n which the sp zed spouse's re	beginning ouse was esources or
			b. The Institutionalized Spou	se		
			For the institutionalized spouse v September 30, 1989, the instituti person beginning the first day of institutionalized.	onalized spouse	e is an assistan	ce unit of or
			For the institutionalized spouse v September 30, 1989, who has no to determine the institutionalized institutionalized spouse who beg September 30, 1989, who has a to determine the institutionalized	o community spo l spouse's finance an institutionali community spou	ouse, see subclicial eligibility. ization <b>on or a</b> use, see subcha	hapter M14 For the f <b>ter</b>
2. Only One			a. The Non Institutionalized S	Spouse		
v		Group or Only One	When determining the non institutionalized spouse is an beginning the first day of the mospouse was institutionalized. Do resources or income to the non in following the month of separation	n ABD couple a onth <b>following</b> th o not deem the in nstitutionalized	ssistance unit of he month in wind nstitutionalized	of one perso hich the d spouse=s
			b. The Institutionalized Spou	se		
			For the institutionalized spouse v September 30, 1989, the instituti person beginning the first day of institutionalized.	onalized spouse	e is an assistan	ce unit of or
			For the institutionalized spouse of <b>September 30, 1989</b> , who has not to determine the institutionalized spouse who begoes <b>September 30, 1989</b> , who has a store to determine the institutionalized spouse who has a store the institutionalized spous	o community spe l spouse's finance an institutionality community spou	ouse, see subclicial eligibility. ization <b>on or a</b> use, see subcha	hapter M14 For the f <b>ter</b>
G.		n stitutionalized amples				
	1.	NABD Spouse Becomes ABD	<b>EXAMPLE #10:</b> In November individual, lives with her NABD Mr. Manners receives a monthly	spouse. Mrs. N	Manners has no	o income an

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			\$310 (he is not disabled accord Manners is eligible for Medicai determined using deemed incom 1997, Mr. Manners becomes ag with December, the deeming ru an ABD couple. Eligibility is d in December.	d in November; ne from Mr. Ma e 65 and applies les no longer ap	her eligibility nners. On De for Medicai ply. The Ma	y is ecember 1, d. Effective nnerses are
	2.	NABD Spouse and ABD Individual Separate	<b>EXAMPLE #11:</b> On Septembrindividual, and her NABD spour Bowers' only income is a title II works and is paid a salary of \$4 eligibility for September, the co- general exclusion (\$150 - \$20 = reduced by the earned income e The couple's total countable inc countable earned = \$300 month income limit for an ABD couple eligible in September. Effective apply when redetermining her e recalculated: \$150 SSA - \$20 g x 6 months = \$780. Because \$7 person in Group II, Mrs. Bower	Ise separate. The l benefit of \$150 05 per month. To ouple's unearned \$130). The court exclusion (\$405 toome (\$130 court ly x 6 months = e (\$1850 semi-a e with October, eligibility. Her co general exclusion 780 is less than t	ey live in Gro per month. Fo determine income is re- ple's earned i- 65 = 340 (table unearne 1800) is co nnual). Mrs. the deeming countable income he income lin	oup II. Mrs. Mr. Bowers Mrs. Bowers duced by the income is $)\div 2 = \$170$ ed + \$170 mpared to th Bowers is rules no lon ome is othly counta
	3.	ABD Individual Begins Living With NABD Spouse	<b>EXAMPLE #12:</b> On August 2 spouse, returns to live with her and earns \$700 per month. In <i>A</i> based on his own unearned incode deeming rules are applied to det unearned income is reduced by \$48. Mrs. Rogers' earned incom sion (\$65 plus one-half the remarking countable income (\$365.50 x 6 couple in Group III, so Mr. Rog	ABD husband in August, Mr. Rog ome of \$68. Effi- termine his eligi the \$20 general ne is reduced by ainder), leaving = \$2193) is with	n Group III. ers is eligible ective Septen bility. Mr. R income exclu the earned in \$317.50. Th in the incom	She is work e for Medica nber 1997, t logers' \$68 usion, leavin ncome exclu e total
	4.	NABD Spouse Dies	<b>EXAMPLE #13:</b> Mrs. Pauline \$150 a month in worker's comp husband until he died on Augus and received gross wages of \$44 September 1997, Mrs. Pinot is e and the income limit for an indi	ensation. She li t 15, 1997. He 00 in July and \$ eligible as an inc	ved with her had been wor 200 in Augus	NABD king part-tin st. Effective
		titutionalized amples				
	1.	ABD Individual Becomes Institutional- ized	<b>EXAMPLE #14:</b> Mr. Malaga September 5, 1997. His NABD wages of \$900 a month. Mr. M September 1997 and August is NABD spouse is deemed to hin	spouse is work alaga is instituti the last month ir	ing and recei onalized beg	ves gross inning

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2. Individual Institutional- ized Before 9-30-89	<b>EXAMPLE #15:</b> An institution Medicaid in August 1997. He has neither blind nor disabled. He w home in February 1989. He is an and income determinations becan was institutionalized before Sept expected contribution from the s	as a 58-year-old vas admitted to t n assistance unit use he is not livit tember 30, 1989	spouse at hon he institution to of one for boing with his sp . There may b	ne who is from their th resource bouse and he be an
3. ABD Couple One Becomes Institutional- ized	<b>EXAMPLE #16:</b> In October 19 for Medicaid for herself and her separated from her ABD spouse admitted to a nursing facility. M receives a pension (unearned inc gross in October; he does not ha eligibility is determined using th institutionalized individuals in st To determine Mrs. B's eligibility	husband. She h , Mr. B, in Octo Ars. B earns \$45 come) of \$165 a we Medicare Pan he policy and pro <i>ubchapter M148</i>	ives in Group ber 1997 when 9 per month. month and ea rt A. Mr. B's procedures for m 80.	III. She n he was Mr. B rned \$200 financial harried
	within the Medicaid limit in Oct calculated for October:			
	\$165.00 Mr. B's unear + 0 Mrs. B's unear \$165.00 couple's unear - 20.00 general income \$145.00 couple's coun	rned income rned income e exclusion	ncome in Octo	ober
	\$459.00 Mrs. B's earne +200.00 Mr. B's earne 659.00 couple's earne - 65.00 earned income 594.00	d income ed income		
	$\begin{array}{rrrr} \underline{)\div} & \underline{2} & \underline{1}_{2} \text{ remainder} \\ 297.00 & \text{couple's coun} \\ \underline{+145.00} & \text{couple's coun} \\ \$442.00 & \text{couple's total} \\ 400.00 & \text{income limit f} \end{array}$	table earned inc table unearned i countable mont	ome ncome hly income for	r October
	November 1997 through March	1998:		
	\$459.00 Mrs. B's earned -20.00 general income \$439.00 -65.00 earned income 374.00 $) \div 2$ ½ remainder 187.00 countable earned \$187.00 total countable x 5 months (Nove	e exclusion e exclusion earned income ned income earned income e monthly incom		

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	\$ 935.00 countable inc <u>+442.00</u> countable inc 1377.00 total countabl <u>-2025.00</u> income limit \$2025) 0 no excess for Mrs. B's countable income for March 1998 is within the MN in as a disabled medically needy in	oome for Octob le income for 6 for October - N 6 months the 6-month pe ncome limit for	er months March (\$325 riod October the period a	1997 through nd she is eligibl
M0530.300 BLINI	D/DISABLED CHILD UNDI	ER AGE 21		
A. Introduction	When determining the Medicaid who is under age 19 years, first the <i>CN</i> covered group has no re the child's income exceeds the eligibility using the resource an this section.	determine the source limit an <i>CN limits</i> , then	child's <i>CN</i> el d a higher in determine th	ligibility becaus come limit. If ne child's MN
B. Policy	An unmarried blind or disabled person, even when he/she lives also apply for Medicaid. The particulation available to a blind or disabled with the parent(s) and when the NOT deem a stepparent's resource	with siblings w arent's(s') resou child under age parent(s) is no	ho are blind trees and inco 21 years wh t eligible for	or disabled and ome are deemed en the child live Medicaid. Do
	A married blind or disabled (BI his/her spouse is an assistance u lives with his/her spouse, resour according to section M0530.200 his/her spouse <b>and</b> his/her paren deemed to the BD child <b>before</b> income.	init of one person reces and incom- above. If the nt(s), the parent	on. If the ma e are deemed married BD t(s) resources	arried BD child I from the spous child lives with s and income are
C. Child Under 21 Living Away From Home	A blind or disabled child under considered living with his/her p	-		
ггош поше	• the child is not emancip	ated, and		
	• the absence is temporar home when the purpose rehabilitation, medical of	of the absence	(such as edu	ucation,
	Children living in foster homes NOT temporarily absent from h and are NOT living with their p	ome. They are	indefinitely	absent from hor

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	Children in medical institutions (facilities) are temporarily absent from home if their stay in the medical facility is less than 30 consecutive days. If the stay has been 30 or more consecutive days, go to section M1410.010 to determine if the child is institutionalized in long-term care. A child who is institutionalized in a medical facility or Medicaid waiver services is NOT considered living with his or her parents for Medicaid eligibility purposes.
D. Deeming	A parent's income and resources are deemed to an BD child beginning:
	• the month following the month the child comes home;
	• the month following the month a child born in a hospital comes home from the hospital;
	• the month of birth when a child is born in the parent's home;
	• the month after the month of adoption; the month of adoption in Virginia is the month the interlocutory order or final adoption order, whichever comes first, is entered.
E. BD Child Assistance Unit Examples	<b>EXAMPLE #17:</b> A blind 16-year-old child lives with his 65-year-old father and 52-year-old mother. His mother is neither blind, disabled, nor pregnant. His father does not apply for Medicaid for himself. The child is an assistance unit of one for both resource and income determinations. A portion of his parents' resources and income is deemed available to him.
	<b>EXAMPLE #18:</b> A 19-year-old disabled child lives with his mother and his two brothers who are under age 18. The children's father died. The mother applies for Medicaid for herself and all children. She is not eligible in the LIFC group and she meets no other covered group. When determining the disabled child's eligibility, the disabled child is not included in an assistance unit with his mother and brothers; the disabled child is an assistance unit of one, with deemed income and resources from the mother.
M0530.301 DEEMIN	G RESOURCES FROM PARENTS

A. Policy

In determining eligibility of a BD child under 21 who lives with his parent(s), the resources of the child include the value of the countable resources of the parent(s), to the extent that the resources of the parent(s) exceed the resource limit of:

- an individual, if one parent lives in the household; or
- a couple, if two parents live in the household.

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The value of parental resources is subject to deeming whether or not those resources are actually made available to the child.

B. More Than One<br/>BD Child In<br/>HouseholdIf there is more than one blind or disabled BD child under age 21 in the<br/>household, equally divide the value of the deemed resources among those<br/>children.

If an BD child is later determined ineligible for Medicaid for any reason or is no longer subject to deeming (e.g., after attainment of age 21), divide the value of the deemed resources among the remaining BD children, effective with the first month the child is ineligible or no longer subject to deeming.

- C. Excluded<br/>ResourcesWhen determining the parent's resources, do not include the resources listed<br/>in section M0530.010 above.
- D. Countable<br/>ResourcesTotal countable resources are the combination of the resources of the<br/>parents after all applicable resource exclusions are applied.
  - 1. Subtract From the parent's(s') total countable resources, subtract the resource limit of Limit
    - \$2,000 (one person) when one parent lives in the home, or
    - **\$3,000** (a couple) when both parents live in the home.
  - 2. Deem Excess To BD Child Deem the amount of the resources over the limit to the BD child. If more than one BD child lives in the household, divide the amount of resources over the limit equally among the number of BD children in the household.
- E. Child's Total<br/>Countable<br/>ResourcesA child's total countable resources are the combination of the value of the<br/>deemed resources from the parent(s) and the nonexcluded resources of the<br/>child.
- **F. Resource Limit** Compare the BD child's countable resources to the resource limit for one person. If the resources do not exceed the limit, the child meets the Medicaid resource eligibility requirement. If countable resources exceed the limit, the child is ineligible for Medicaid because of excess resources.
- G. Example--BD<br/>Child Living With<br/>Parents- Child<br/>Meets ResourceEXAMPLE #19: Mr. and Mrs. Blake live together with their son, Thomas,<br/>who is age 16 and blind. Thomas has no resources of his own. Mr. and<br/>Mrs. Blake applied for Medicaid on behalf of Thomas on January 23, 1997.

The parents' resources are as follows:

Requirement

\$4,150 - savings belonging to both Mr. and Mrs. Blake

The resource calculation follows:

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	$\frac{-3,000}{\$1,150}$ couple resour $\frac{\$1,150}{\$1,150}$ deemed resourc $\frac{\$1,150}{\$1,150}$ child's resourc $\frac{\$1,150}{\$1,150}$ child's countable individual, Thomas meets EVAMPLE #20, 4 h	rces to Thomas es able resources resources do not es the resource eligibs	ility requiren	nent.
H. ExampleTwo BD Children Living With Parent and Stepparent -EXAMPLE #20: John and Joan Goode, ages 15 and 16, are both disable and live with their mother and stepfather. John's only resources are three U.S. savings bonds worth \$25 each. Joan's resources are a \$100 saving account and a stamp collection valued at \$400. The parents own:				ources are three a \$100 savings

one automobile valued at \$3,000 joint savings account with balance of \$5,000 Mrs. Smith's cash on hand = \$200

Mrs. Smith, John and Joan's mother, applies for Medicaid on their behalf on September 17, 1997. The parent's (mother's) resource calculation follows:

### Parent's Excluded Resources: one automobile

### **Parent's Countable Resources:**

\$2,500 ½ savings account (mother's share of joint account)

+ 200 cash on hand

Children Meet Resource

**Requirements** 

- \$2,700 parent's total countable resources
- <u>-2,000</u> individual resource limit
- \$ 700 value of deemed resources (\$350 resources deemed to each child)

John's Resources (no excluded resources)

- \$75 savings bonds
- + 350 deemed from parent
- \$ 425 countable resources

Joan's Resources (stamp collection excluded)

- \$ 100 savings account
- +350 resource value deemed
- \$ 450 countable resources

Since neither John's nor Joan's countable resources exceed the resource limit, they both meet the Medicaid resource eligibility requirement.

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I. Example--Two Children Living with Parent and Stepparent - One Child Found NBD First and Other Child Becomes NBD as a Result **EXAMPLE #21:** The same situation exists as described in Example #20 above except that Joan also owns four savings bonds worth \$450 each, and John also owns a savings account worth \$1,500.

Joan's resources (stamp collection excluded):

\$ 100 savings account
1,800 savings bonds
<u>+ 350</u> deemed from parent
\$2,250 countable resources

John's resources:

\$1,500 savings account 75 savings bonds

+ 350 deemed from parent

\$1,925 countable resources

John initially meets the resource eligibility requirement because his countable resources do not exceed the resource limit. But Joan does not meet the resource eligibility requirement because her countable resources exceed the resource limit. Since Joan is ineligible, the parent's resources must all be deemed to John.

John's Resources (no excluded resources):

- \$ 75 savings bonds 1,500 savings account
- + 700 parent=s deemed resources

\$ 2,275 countable resources

Because John's countable resources now exceed the limit for 1 person, he is not eligible for Medicaid because of excess resources. Both John and Joan are ineligible because of excess resources.

# M0530.302 DEEMING INCOME FROM ONE PARENT

A. Policy

A BD child (blind or disabled child) under age 21 who resides in the same household with a parent is considered to share in the parent's income. A BD child living in the same household with a parent is subject to the deeming provisions as long as he/she is under age 21, if the individual meets the definition of a child in M0530.002 above. A child who is away at school may be considered to be temporarily absent from the parents' household and would also be subject to deeming.

The following subsections explain the rules to follow when deeming income from one parent when

- only one parent lives in the household, or
- the parent is married and living with his/her spouse who is not the BD child's parent (is the BD child's stepparent). Do NOT deem any of the stepparent's resources or income to the BD child(ren).

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B. Excluded Income	When determining the in section M0530.020	e parent's income, do not i above.	nclude the inc	ome listed			
C. Deeming Rules		s in the same household v lied in the following orde		rent, these			
1. Determine Parent=s Income	Determine the monthly amount of the Parent's earned and unea income, applying the appropriate exclusions in M0530.020.						
2. Determine NBD Child	a. Parent Is Not Liv	ving With Spouse					
Allocation		h NBD child is the difference persons and the SSI payr					
	The allocation amount automatically increases whenever the SSI limits increase. <i>See Appendix 1 to this subchapter for current amount.</i>						
	b. Parent Is Living	With Spouse (BD Child	's Stepparent	)			
	is the differen and the SSI pa	NBD child(ren): the allowice between the SSI paym ayment limit for one person r current amount.	ent limit for tv	vo persons			
	stepparent's a common. If t	(ren)-in-common with ste bility to meet the needs o he stepparent refuses to v any amount of the paren -common:	f the child(ren) erify his/her in	)-in- icome, <b>do</b>			
			he the stepparent's earned and unearned the appropriate exclusions in M0530.020.				
	own child children o	Deduct an allocation for ead dren living in the househo of the Parent. Reduce the ald's own countable incom	ld who are <b>no</b> t allocation by	t the			
	ý <b>-</b>	Subtract the unearned and stepparent's income rema					
		Deduct a <b>living allowance</b> : 1 to this subchapter for c					
	· -	Subtract the NBD child all g income after deducting t					

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		child-in-common liv amount of the NBD child-in-common, m children-in-commor contribution to the c	<i>child allocation</i> . nultiply the allocat n). The result is th	If there <i>is</i> more ion by the numb e stepparent's	than
		the child(ren)-i amount when the child(ren)- contribution a If more than or divide the stepp	t's contribution is l unt, the stepparent n-common's needs calculating the pa in-common, and s income to the cl ne child-in-commo parent's contribution	is not able to fu s. Use the allocation arent's allocation count the stepp hild(ren)-in-count n lives in the ho on by the number	lly m ation on for oaren nmor useho
			le to meet the child <b>T allocate any</b> of	l(ren)-in-commo	on's
3.	Reduce NBD Child Allocation	Each NBD child's allocation is r income. The items listed in sect income to the NBD child for put	ion M0530.020 ab	ove are not incl	
		If any NBD children in the hous income. However, when the all NBD child allocation amount (i. that NBD child), document the a income. Document an allegation the household has no income. D unless a change is alleged or the occurred.	eged income excee e., no NBD child a allegation in the fil n in the file when a Do not redevelop th	eds the amount of allocation will a e but do not ver any NBD child I ae NBD child=s	of the pply ify th iving incon
4.	Subtract NBD Child Allocation Amount	Subtract the allocations for NBE income. If the parent does not h allocations, the allocation balance income.	ave enough unear	ned income to co	over t
5.	Subtract	a. All Remaining Parental In	come Is Earned		
	Unearned and Earned Income	If all of the income of the parent allocations is earned:	t that remains after	applying the N	BD c
	Exclusions	• Subtract \$85 (the sum o \$65 earned income excl		ncome exclusion	n and

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### b. All Remaining Parental Income is Unearned

If all of the income of the parent that remains after applying the NBD child allocations is unearned:

• subtract the \$20 general income exclusion.

# c. Parental Income is Both Earned and Unearned

If all of the income of the parent that remains after applying the NBD child allocations is both earned and unearned:

- subtract \$20 from the parent's unearned income. If the total unearned income is less than \$20, subtract the balance of the \$20 from the parent's earned income;
- 2) subtract \$65 plus one-half the remainder from the earned income (after subtracting any of the remaining \$20 exclusion).
- 6. Subtract Living
   Allowance for Parent
   Subtract a living allowance for the parent from any remaining parental income, unless the parent receives a public assistance payment such as TANF. No living allowance is given to a parent who is receiving public assistance payments. The parental living allowance, even if the parent is married and living with his/her spouse who is not the BD child's parent, is the SSI monthly payment limit for an individual.
- 7. Result = Any positive remainder, after subtracting the living allowance for the parent, is the parent's deemable income.
- 8. One BD Child If only one BD child lives in the household, the parent's deemable income is deemed to the child as unearned income.

Add the deemed income to the BD child's own unearned income. Subtract the appropriate unearned income exclusions, including the \$20 general exclusion, to determine the child's countable unearned income in the month. Add the countable unearned income to any countable earned income the child has. Subtract the total countable income from the appropriate income limit for 1 person to determine whether or not the child is eligible for Medicaid, or to determine the amount of the child's medically needy spenddown.

### 9. Two or More BD Children in Household If two or more BD children live in the household, divide the parent's deemable income equally among them. To determine each BD child's income eligibility, add the deemed income

to each BD child's income eligibility, add the deemed income to each BD child's own unearned income. Apply the appropriate unearned income exclusions, including the \$20 general exclusion, to determine the child's countable unearned income in the month. Add the countable

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unearned income to any countable earned income the child has. Subtract the total countable income from the appropriate income limit for 1 person to determine whether or not each child is eligible for Medicaid, or to determine the amount of the child's medically needy spenddown.

### **D.** Examples

### 1. Two BD **EXAMPLE #22:** (Using January 2000 figures)

Children

James and Janet Jackson are disabled children age 19 and 20 who live with their mother in a Group I locality. Their mother applied for Medicaid for

them in January. The children have no income but their mother receives \$640 in unemployment compensation each month. Since all of Mrs. Jackson's income is unearned and she has no NBD child allocation, her deemed income is calculated:

- \$640 parent's unearned income
- 20 general income exclusion
- 620 countable unearned
- 512 parent's living allowance
- 108 remainder deemed to BD children
- <u>)÷ 2</u> BD children
  - *\$54* deemed to each child

When the \$20 general income exclusion is applied to each child's income, each child has \$34 monthly countable income.

- \$34 countable monthly income for each child
- <u>x 6</u> months
- 204 6 months' income
- 1300 income limit for 1 person Group I
  - 0 excess

Because each child's countable income is within the income limit for 1 person, each child is eligible for Medicaid as an MN disabled individual.

2. Two BD

EXAMPLE #23: (Using January 2000 figures)

In January, Mrs. Jones applied for Medicaid for her 2 disabled children, John age 19 and James age 20. Also living in the household is her husband who is not the father of the BD children. They live in a Group III locality. Mrs. Jones receives \$960 in unemployment compensation per month and James receives \$200 from his grandparents each month. John has no income. Mrs. Jones has no resources to deem. Since all of Mrs. Jones's income is unearned and she has no NBD child allocation, her deemed income is calculated:

- \$960 parent's unearned income
- 20 general income exclusion
- 940 countable unearned
- 512 parent's living allowance
- 428 remainder deemed to BD children

) $\div$  2 BD children

214 deemed to each child

**Children: One** Has Excess Income

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James's income is calculated:

- \$200 unearned income from grandparents
- $\pm 214$  deemed from parent
- 414 James's total unearned income
- 20 general income exclusion
- 394 monthly countable income
- <u>x 6</u> months
- 2364 6 months' income
- <u>-1950</u> income limit for 1 Group III
- *\$414* excess for James (spenddown)

James is ineligible for Medicaid because of excess income. He is placed on spenddown. John's income is calculated:

- *\$214* deemed from parent
- 20 general income exclusion
- 194 monthly countable income
- <u>x 6</u> months
- 1164 6 months' income
- <u>- 1950</u> income limit for 1 Group III
  - 0 excess for John

John is eligible for Medicaid as an MN disabled individual.

# 3. One BD Child; Stepparent In Home

# EXAMPLE #24: (Using January 2000 figures)

Jerry Smith is a 19 year-old disabled child who lives with his mother, stepfather, his 15 year-old sister, his 3 year-old half brother and his 2 stepsiblings in a Group II locality. His mother, Mrs. Green, applied for Medicaid for him in *January*. Jerry has no income. His mother receives \$540 in unemployment compensation each month. Mr. Green, his stepfather, earns \$2,300 per month. Jerry's 15 year old sister and his 3 year old half brother have no income of their own. Jerry's step-siblings receive \$50 a month each from their grandparents.

# a. Mrs. Green's deemed income is calculated:

Stepparent's contribution to children-in-common: Each step-sibling's allocation:

- \$257 allocation standard
- 50 each child's income
- 207 each child's allocation from stepparent=s income
- <u>x 2</u> children
  - 414 total allocation for step-children
- \$2,300 Mr. Green's earnings
- 414 allocation for his 2 children
- 1,886 remainder
- 512 living allowance for Mr. Green
- 1,374 remainder

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- *\$1,374* remainder
- <u>- 257</u> allocation standard for 1 child-in-common
- $\overline{\$1,117}$  stepparent's contribution to child-in-common

Because *\$1,117* is greater than the allocation standard for 1 child-incommon, NONE of Mrs. Green's income is allocated for the 3-year old child-in-common.

NBD Child allocation calculation:

- \$ 257 allocation standard for 15 year old sister
- 0 income of child
- 257 allocation for NBD 15 year old child
- \$ 540 Mrs. Green's unearned income
- <u>- 257</u> allocation for her NBD child
- 283 remainder
- 20 general income exclusion
- *263* countable unearned
- 512 parent's living allowance
  - 0 remainder to deem to BD child

Mrs. Green has no income deemed to Jerry. Because he has no income of his own, he is eligible for Medicaid as an MN disabled individual.

# M0530.303 DEEMING INCOME FROM TWO PARENTS

A.	Int	roduction	This section explains the rules to follow when deeming income from both of the BD child(ren)'s parents who live in the household with the BD child(ren).
B.	Exe	cluded Income	When determining the parents' income, exclude the income listed in section M0530.020 above.
C. Deeming Rules		eming Rules	These deeming rules are applied in the following order:
	1.	Determine Parent's Income	The monthly amount of the parents' earned and unearned income is determined, applying the appropriate exclusions in M0530.020.
	2.	NBD Child Allocation	a. NBD Child Allocation Amount
			An allocation for each NBD child who lives in the household is deducted from the <b>NBD child's parent's</b> income. Exception: no allocation is given for any children who are receiving public assistance payments such as TANF payments.
			The allocation for each NBD child is the difference between the SSI payment imit for two persons and the SSI payment limit for one person.

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The allocation amount automatically increases whenever the SSI limits increase. *See Appendix 1 to this subchapter for current amount.* 

### b. Reduce NBD Child Allocation

Each NBD child's allocation is reduced by the amount of his or her own income. The items listed in section M0530.020 above are not included as income to the NBD child for purposes of reducing the allocation.

If any NBD children in the household have income, verify the NBD child's income. However, when the alleged income exceeds the amount of the NBD child allocation amount (i.e., no NBD child allocation will apply for that NBD child), document the allegation in the file but do not verify the income. Document an allegation in the file when any NBD child living in the household has no income. Do not redevelop the NBD child's income unless a change is alleged or there is a reason to believe a change has occurred.

# c. Subtract NBD Child Allocation

- Step 1, Parent #1: determine the NBD child allocation(s) for the NBD child(ren) of only one of the parents (Parent #1) when Parent #1 has an NBD child(ren) who is not the child(ren) of the other parent (Parent #2).
  - a) Determine the NBD child's own income,
  - b) Subtract the NBD child's income from the NBD child allocation amount,
  - c) any positive remainder is the NBD child allocation for that child;
  - d) repeat a), b) and c) for each of Parent #1's NBD children.
  - e) total all of the Parent #1's NBD child(ren) allocations; the result is Parent #1's NBD child allocation for his/her own child(ren);
  - f) subtract the Parent #1's NBD child(ren) allocation first from the Parent #1's unearned income. If Parent #1 does not have enough unearned income to cover the allocation, subtract the allocation balance from Parent #1's earned income.
- 2) Step 2, Parent #2: determine the NBD child allocation(s) for the NBD child(ren) of Parent #2 when Parent #2 has an NBD child(ren) who is not the child(ren) of the Parent #1.
  - a) Determine the NBD child's own income,

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b	) Subtract the NBD c allocation amount,	hild's income fi	rom the NBD	child's	
c	) any positive remain child;	inder is the NBD child allocation for that			
d	) repeat a), b) and c) i	for each of Pare	nt #2's NBD o	children.	
e		rent #2's NBD child(ren) allocations; the re 3D child allocation for his/her own child(rea			
f)	Parent #2's <b>unearn</b> enough unearned in	ent #2's NBD child(ren) allocation first from <b>arned</b> income. If Parent #2 does not have d income to cover the allocation, subtract the ce from Parent #2's <b>earned</b> income.			
		<b>hts' child(ren)-in-common:</b> when the parents haven)-in-common (both parents are NBD child's parents)			
a)	Determine the NBD	child-in-comm	on's own inco	ome,	
b)	Subtract the NBD c common's allocation	O child's income from the NBD child-in- tion amount,		child-in-	
c)	any positive remain in-common;	der is the NBD	child allocatio	on for the child-	
d)	repeat a), b) and c) a common;	for each of the p	parents' NBD	children-in-	
e)	total all of the NBD is the parents' NBD child(ren)-in-comm	child-in-comm			
f)	combine the Parents deducting each pare			ins after	
g)	combine the parents each parent's NBD			after deducting	
h)	subtract the Parents from the Parents' <b>c</b>			allocation first	
	If the Parents do no the NBD child(ren) child(ren) in-comm <b>combined earned</b>	-in-common all on allocation ba	ocation, subtr	act the NBD	

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3.	Subtract Unearned and Earned Income Exclusions	a. All Remaining Parental I If all of the income of the paren in-common allocation is earned	nts that remains : 1:	after applying	
		<ul> <li>Subtract \$85 (the sum of \$65 earned income exc</li> <li>Subtract ½ of the rema</li> </ul>	lusion);		usion and the
		<ul><li>b. All Parental Income is Un</li></ul>	-	Jine.	
			iour nou		
		If all of the income of the parent in-common allocation is unear		after applying	the NBD child
		• subtract the \$20 genera	al income exclus	ion.	
		c. Parental Income is Both	Earned and Un	earned	
		If all of the income of the paren in-common allocation is both e			the NBD child
		<ol> <li>subtract \$20 from the p remaining unearned in is subtracted from the</li> </ol>	come is less that	n \$20, the bala	nce of the \$20
		2) subtract \$65 plus one-l income (after subtract			
4.	Subtract Living Allowance for Parents	Deduct a living allowance for t income, unless the parents rece TANF. No living allowance is assistance payments. The pare payment limit for a couple (2 p	eive a public assi given to parents ntal living allow	stance payments who receive p	nt such as public
5.	Result = Deemable Income	Any positive remainder, after s parents, is the parents' deemab	•	ving allowance	e for the
6.	One BD Child in Household	If only one BD child lives in the deemed to the child as unearned		parents' deen	hable income is
		Add the deemed income to the the appropriate unearned incon exclusion, to determine the chi Add the countable unearned inc child has. Subtract the total co	ne exclusions, in ld's countable un come to any cou	cluding the \$2 learned income ntable earned i	0 general e in the month.

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appropriate income limit for 1 person to determine whether or not the child is eligible for Medicaid, or to determine the amount of the child's medically needy spenddown.

 7. Two or More BD Children in Household
 1f two or more BD children live in the household, divide the parents' deemable income equally among the BD children.

To determine the income eligibility of the BD child(ren) who apply for Medicaid, add the deemed income to the BD child's own unearned income. Subtract the appropriate unearned income exclusions, including the \$20 general exclusion, to determine the child's countable unearned income in the month. Add the countable unearned income to any countable earned income the child has. Subtract the total countable income from the appropriate income limit for 1 person to determine whether or not the child is eligible for Medicaid, or to determine the amount of the child's medically needy spenddown.

# **D.** Examples

1. One NBD Child in Common; Parents Have Both Earned and Unearned Income

# EXAMPLE #25: (Using January 2000 figures)

Bobby Miller, a disabled child age 19, lives with his mother and father and a 10-year-old NBD brother in a Group II locality. On *January 3*, his mother applies for Medicaid for him. She receives an annuity payment of \$285 and his father earns \$1,025. Bobby receives \$250 per month from a trust fund set up for him by his deceased grandmother. His brother has no income.

Parents' deeming calculation:

- \$285 mother's unearned income
- -257 NBD child allocation
- 28 unearned income to deem from mother
- <u>- 20</u> general income exclusion
- 8 parents' countable unearned income
- \$1025 father's earned income
- 65 earned income exclusion
- 960
- )  $\div$  2 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> remainder earned income exclusion
- 480 countable earned income
- + 8 countable unearned income
- 488
- <u>-769</u> living allowance for the parents
  - 0 excess to deem

None of his parents' income is deemed to Bobby. Bobby's MN income eligibility is calculated:

- \$250 monthly unearned income
- 20 general exclusion
- 230 countable income
- <u>x 6</u> months
- \$1380 countable 6 months' income

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- 1380 countable 6 months= income
- <u>-1500</u> income limit for 1 Group II
  - 0 excess

2. One NBD

Child in

Common;

**Parents Have** 

NBD Children Of Their Own Bobby is eligible for Medicaid as an MN disabled individual.

# EXAMPLE #26: (Using January 2000 figures)

Billie Barty, a disabled child age 19, lives with her mother, father, her twin brother age 19, her mother's 20-year-old NBD son and her father's 20 yearold daughter in a Group III locality. On *January 4*, her mother applies for Medicaid for Billie. Her mother receives an annuity payment of \$585 per month and her father earns \$3,000 per month. Billie receives \$150 per month from a trust fund set up for her by her deceased grandmother. Her half-siblings have no income.

### a. Parent #1's (mother's) deeming calculation:

- \$585 mother's unearned income
- <u>-257</u> NBD child allocation (20 year old)
- *328* remainder unearned income

# b. Parent #2's (father's) deeming calculation:

- \$3000 father's earned income
- 257 NBD child allocation (20 year old)
- 2743 remainder earned income

### c. Parents= child-in-common allocation and deeming calculations:

- \$ 328 mother's remainder unearned income
- + 0 father's remainder unearned income
- 328 parents' total remainder unearned income
- 257 NBD child-in-common allocation
  - 71 parents' countable unearned income
- <u>20</u> general income exclusion
  - 51 parents' countable unearned income
- *\$2,743* father's remainder earned income
- 65 earned income exclusion

2,678

- )  $\div$  2 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> remainder earned income exclusion
- *1,339* countable earned income
- + 51 countable unearned income
- 1,390 total countable income
- <u>769</u> living allowance for parents
- 621 deemed to Billie

# d. Billie's income calculation:

- \$150 monthly unearned income
- + 621 deemed from parents
- 771 total unearned income

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- 771 total unearned income20 general exclusion
- <u>20</u> general exclusion 751 countable income
- x = 6 months
- $\sqrt[5]{4,506}$  countable 6 months' income
- 1,950 income limit for 1 Group III
- 2,556 excess (spenddown)

Billie is not eligible for Medicaid because of excess income and is placed on a spenddown.

# M0530.304 CHANGES IN STATUSC PARENTS OF CHILDREN

# A. Introduction Deeming of a parent's income to an BD child can begin or end when there has been a change in the family's situation. Except where noted below, all changes in status are effective with the month following the month the change occurs. The rules that apply when such a change of status occurs are listed below.

NOTE: There are other status changes in addition to the ones described in B. These other changes are effective, for deeming purposes, the month after the month the change occurs. For example, if an NBD child moves out of the household in May, no allocation is given for that child beginning with June (for purposes of determining eligibility of a blind or disabled child).

**B.** Policy

1.	Parent Dies	If a parent dies, deeming stops from that parent beginning with the month following the month of death. If the child lives with two parents and one dies, deeming continues from the surviving parent to determine eligibility. Only the surviving parent's income is used, and one parental living allowance is subtracted.
2.	Parent and BD Child No Longer Lives	If a parent and BD child no longer live in the same household, deeming of that parent's income stops effective the month after the month the parent (or child) leaves the household for purposes of determining eligibility.
	in Same Household	NOTE: If a parent (or child) was temporarily absent from the household, this rule applies effective with the month after the month the parent's (or

**3.** Parent and BD Child Begin Living in Same Household
 If an BD child begins living with a parent in the same household (e.g., a newborn child comes home from a hospital), the parent's income is deemed to the child for purposes of determining eligibility beginning the month after the month they begin living together.

child's) absence is no longer considered temporary.

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		NOTE: An BD child born at ho month of birth.	me is subject t	to deeming ef	fective with the	
4.	BD Child Becomes Institution- alized	If an BD child becomes institutionalized, either in a medical facility or und a Medicaid CBC waiver, deeming stops for purposes of determining eligibility effective the month in which institutionalization began.				
5.	Child Attains Age 21	Deeming stops effective the mo attains age 21. An individual at anniversary of his/her birth. Eli individual's own income. The is subsequent months must include the parents.	tains age 21 o gibility is dete ndividual's inc	n the day pred ermined using come for the c	ceding the gonly the current month	
C. Ex	amples					
1.	Parent Dies	<b>EXAMPLE #27:</b> <i>(Using Janu</i> Henry Walden is a disabled chil On <i>January 4</i> , Mrs. Walden die wages of \$981 in January. Mr. \$450. Henry has no income. T	d who lives w d. She had be Walden's only	vith his parent en working a v income is a j	nd received gr pension check	

 2. BD Child Begins Living With Parent
 EXAMPLE #28: Gene Prescott, a disabled child age 19, is a Medicaid recipient who lives in a private residential facility. In October, he is discharged from the facility and goes home to live with his mother and his NBD sister. Beginning with November, his mother's resources and income are deemed to Gene to determine his eligibility.

income of his own and his mother died in January.

household. In *January*, Henry's eligibility is determined by calculating deemed income from both his parents. His father's unearned income of \$450 is reduced by \$20, leaving \$430. His mother's earned income of \$981 is reduced by the earned income exclusion (\$65 plus one-half the remainder) leaving \$458. The total income remaining (\$888) is then reduced by the parents' living allowance (\$769), which leaves deemed income of \$119. The \$20 general income exclusion is subtracted from Henry's income, which leaves him with \$99 countable income. Beginning with *February*, Henry's eligibility is determined using only his father's income, since Henry has no

# M0530.400 MULTIPLE DEEMING

A. Introduction When more than one ABD individual lives in the same household and there is a parent-child relationship, a multiple deeming situation may exist. The following sections provide the rules to follow in parent-child multiple deeming situations. When this type of deeming is involved, it may or may not be necessary to recalculate eligibility, depending on the situation.

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# M0530.401 DEEMING INCOME FROM AN NABD SPOUSE TO AN ABD **INDIVIDUAL AND A BD CHILD**

A. Policy	If a BD child (or children) under age 21 lives in the same household with his/her parents who are an ABD individual (spouse) and an NABD spouse, income is always deemed first to the ABD individual (i.e., the parent who is aged, blind or disabled). Then, any remaining income is deemed to the BD child(ren).
B. Determining the Spouse's and Child's Eligibility	The steps below are followed to determine eligibility for Medicaid when both an ABD individual (spouse) and a BD child under age 21 live in the same household with an NABD spouse/parent.
	1. Determine the amount of the NABD spouse's earned and unearned income using the appropriate exclusions in M0530.020.
	2. Deduct an allocation for each NBD child in the household from the NABD spouse's income as described in M0530.203.
	3. Follow the rules in M0530.203 to determine if any of the NABD spouse's income is deemed to the individual, and if so, to determine countable income for a couple. Follow the rules in M0530.301 and 302 to determine the BD child's eligibility.
	NOTE: Excess income, if any, is determined from the "couple" calculation.
	4. If the ABD spouse/parent <b>is eligible</b> for Medicaid after the NABD spouse's income has been deemed, <b>no</b> income is deemed to the BD child from his/her parents. To determine the child's eligibility, compare the child's own countable income (without income deemed from his/her parents) to the income limit for 1 person.
	5. If the ABD individual (parent) is <b>not</b> eligible for Medicaid after the NABD spouse's income has been deemed, deem any excess monthly income to the BD child.
	When the couple's countable income exceeds the income limit, the ABD spouse/parent is <b>not</b> eligible for Medicaid and is placed on a spenddown. The spenddown amount is based on the amount of the monthly excess income which was deemed to the BD child. Deeming income does not reduce the ABD spouse/parent's countable income.
C. Examples	
1. Parents' Income Less Than Couple	<b>EXAMPLE #29:</b> Mrs. Crowley, a blind individual, lives with her husband and their disabled child, John in Group III. Mrs. Crowley has been receiving Medicaid for 4 months. She and John have no income. Mr.

Crowley is employed and earns \$825 in August 1997. First

Limit

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determine Mrs. Crowley's eligibility. Since Mr. Crowley's income exceeds the deeming standard, the \$825 is treated as the earned income available to Mr. and Mrs. Crowley as a couple. Because they have no unearned income, reduce the \$825 by the \$20 general income exclusion, and then by the earned income exclusion (\$65 plus one-half the remainder). This leaves \$370 in countable income, which is less than the \$400 income limit in Group III for a couple, so Mrs. Crowley is eligible for Medicaid. Therefore, no income is deemed to John. Since John's total countable income (zero) is less than the income limit for an individual, John is also eligible for Medicaid.

2.	Parents' Income Exceeds the Couple Limit	<b>EXAMPLE #30:</b> Mr. Potter, a disabled individual, resides with his NABD spouse and their disabled son, Dwayne who is age 19, in Group II. Mr. Potter and Dwayne have no income. Mrs. Potter works and earned \$1,195 in September 1997. Since Mrs. Potter's income is more than the deeming standard, the \$1,195 earned income is treated as income available to Mr. and Mrs. Potter as a couple. Next, the income is reduced by the \$20 general income exclusion and then by the \$65 plus one-half the remainder (earned income exclusion), leaving \$555 in countable income. This exceeds the monthly income limit in Group II by \$246.67. Mr. Potter is ineligible because the couple's \$555 countable income exceeds the Group II income limit for a couple. His spenddown amount is \$1480 (\$555 x 6 = 3330 - 1850 = 1480).
		1850 = 1480).

Since Mr. Potter is ineligible, \$246.67 is deemed to Dwayne. Treat the \$246.67 deemed to Dwayne as unearned income, and apply the \$20 general income exclusion, reducing Dwayne's countable income to \$226.67. Multiply his monthly countable income by 6 months. Compare Dwayne's 6 months' countable income to the semi-annual income limit for 1 person in Group II. Because his countable income does not exceed the income limit. Dwayne is eligible for Medicaid as an MN disabled individual.

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# **Deeming Allocations**

The deeming policy determines how much of a legally responsible relative's income is deemed to the applicant/recipient. The allocation amount increases automatically whenever the SSI payment limit increases.

# NBD (Non-blind/disabled) Child Allocation

The NBD child allocation is equal to the difference between the SSI payment for two persons and the SSI payment for one person.

SSI payment for couple - SSI payment for one person = NBD child allocation

*2023:* \$*1,371* - \$*914* = \$*457* 2022: \$1,261 - \$841 = \$420 2021: \$1,191 - \$794 = \$397

# **Parental Living Allowance**

The living allowance for one parent living with the child is the SSI payment for one person.

SSI payment for one person = *\$914 for 2023*; \$841 for 2022; \$794 for 2021.

The living allowance for both parents living with the child is the SSI payment for a couple.

SSI payment for both parents = *\$1,371 for 2023*; *\$1,261 for 2022*; *\$1,191 for 2021*.

# **Deeming Standard**

The NABD (non-age/blind/disabled) spouse deeming standard is the difference between the SSI payment for two persons and the SSI payment for one person.

SSI payment for couple - SSI payment for one person = deeming standard

*2023:* \$*1,371* - \$*914* = \$*4*57 2022: \$1,261 - \$841 = \$420 2021: \$1,191 - \$794 = \$397